Doral Academy Charter Middle School (A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.) Doral, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2012

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# Doral Academy Charter Middle School 2601 NW 112 Avenue Doral, FL 33172

2011-2012

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Angela Ramos, President and Chair Luis Fuste, Vice Chair and Treasurer Rene Rovirosa, Secretary Manny Cid Kim Guilarte

# **SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION**

Douglas Rodriguez, Principal



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Miami-Dade County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Doral Academy Charter Middle School at June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The Doral Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of The Doral Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2012 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 30, 2012, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 26 through 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Coral Gables, Florida August 30, 2012

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Doral Academy Middle School
(A Charter School Under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2012

The corporate officers of the Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School") have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

## Financial Highlights

- 1. The assets of the School exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2012 by \$4,109,944 (net assets).
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$3,254,372.
- 3. The net assets of the School increased by \$346,120 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$2,205,491.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as net assets. Over time increases or decreases in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

#### <u>Fund Financial Statements</u>

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 24 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,109,944 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net assets as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	 2012	2011
Cash	\$ 2,782,383	\$ 2,351,878
Due from Other Agencies	-	12,671
Due from Other Schools	200,000	122,170
Prepaid Expenses	271,989	253,405
Capital Assets, net	1,227,741	1,301,557
Total Assets	\$ 4,482,113	\$ 4,041,681
Salaries Payable	368,134	274,781
Accounts Payable	4,035	3,076
Total Liabilities	\$ 372,169	\$ 277,857
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	1,227,741	1,301,557
Restricted	404,723	348,345
Unrestricted	2,477,480	2,113,922
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,109,944	\$ 3,763,823

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net assets.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 follows:

	 2012	 2011
REVENUES		 
Program Revenues		
Capital Outlay Funding	\$ 597,138	\$ 674,435
Federal Sources	139,984	136,832
Lunch Program	340,081	266,134
General Revenues		•
FTE nonspecific revenues	6,579,264	5,481,716
Usage fees	437,199	, , , <u>.</u>
Other Revenue	787	47,774
Total Revenues	\$ 8,094,453	\$ 6,966,891
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EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 3,998,131	\$ 2,826,560
Instructional Staff Training Services	3,762	5,702
Board	15,000	27,960
School Administration	935,079	721,674
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	56,610	66,366
Fiscal Services	186,075	150,000
Food Services	316,840	182,638
Central Services	218,713	176,607
Operation of Plant	1,741,750	1,796,976
Maintenance of Plant	276,373	323,541
Total Expenses	 7,748,333	 6,278,025
Increase in Net Assets	 346,120	 688,866
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	3,763,822	3,074,957
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 4,109,944	\$ 3,763,822

Student enrollment increased for 2012 by approximately 1,241 students. As a result, Doral Academy Middle School's revenues and expenses increased by \$1,127,562 and \$1,470,308, respectively, in the current year. Although there was a student increase, revenue did not significantly increase in comparison to expenditures. The school had an increase in its net assets of \$346,120 for the year.

Due to lower state tax revenues resulting from an economic recession, for the 2011-2012 school year, the State reduced public school funding per student. For the 2012-2013 school year, the State appropriated a per student funding amount that is slightly larger than the amount appropriated for the 2011-2012 school year.

### School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 2601 N.W. 112<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Miami, Florida 33172. The facility abuts the neighboring Doral Academy Charter High School.

## **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

## Accomplishments

In 2012, Doral Academy Charter Middle School successfully completed its ninth year of operation, and earned a letter grade of "A" for the ninth consecutive year. Based on the points the school received under the State of Florida Accountability Program, Doral Academy Middle ranked as one of the highest-performing public middle schools in all of Miami-Dade County, and among the TOP 10% of all public middle schools in Florida. Doral Academy received a "School Recognition Award" from the Florida Department of Education.

This past year, Doral Academy Middle students were recognized for various accomplishments throughout the year:

- The 7th grade Civics class received 4th Place in the Istanbul Center's End World Hunger Poetry Contest.
- The Junior Thespian Honor Society had eight students that went to the state level evaluations, where two Doral Middle students received Superior Ratings.
- A 7th grade student won the National Carnegie Learning by Doing Award.

Doral Academy Charter Middle School is one of only a few public middle schools in Miami-Dade County that is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS/CASI).

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported a fund balance of \$2,882,203. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$2,205,491. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

### **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2012 amounts to \$1,227,741 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. This investment in capital assets includes improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2012, the School had no long-term debt associated to its capital assets.

## Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

		Gove	rnmental Fund	
	 Original		Final	Actual
	 Budget		Actual	 <del></del> -
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Capital Outlay Funding	\$ 338,720	\$	597,000	\$ 597,138
Federal Sources	5,000		138,000	139,984
Lunch Program	300,000		315,000	340,081
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	6,103,920		6,560,000	6,579,264
Other Revenue	400,000		425,000	 437,986
Total Revenues	\$ 7,147,640	\$	8,035,000	\$ 8,094,453
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities:				
Instruction	\$ 3,505,000	\$	3,951,000	\$ 3,903,160
Instructional Staff Training Services	3,000		5,000	3,762
Board	15,000		15,000	15,000
School Administration	900,000		935,000	927,617
Fiscal Services	200,000		200,000	186,075
Food Services	300,000		315,000	313,997
Central Services	225,000		225,000	218,713
Operation of Plant	1,468,720		1,727,000	1,721,753
Maintenance of Plant	171,856		260,000	252,080
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 6,788,576	\$	7,633,000	\$ 7,542,157

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

# <u>Assets</u>

Current assets:		
Cash	\$	2,782,383
Prepaid expenses		271,989
Due from other schools		200,000
		3,254,372
Capital assets, depreciable		2,476,082
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,248,341)
·		1,227,741
Total Assets		4,482,113
<u>Liabilities and Net assets</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable	\$	368,134
Accounts payable		4,035
Total Liabilities		372,169
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,227,741
Restricted by lease agreement		404,723
Unrestricted		2,477,480
Total Net Assets		4,109,944
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	_\$_	4,482,113

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2012

		Program Revenues				
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gı	perating rants and atributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental activities:						-
Instruction	\$ 3,998,131	\$212,700	\$	139,984	\$ -	\$ (3,645,447)
Instructional staff training	3,762	-		-	-	(3,762)
Board	15,000	-		-	-	(15,000)
School administration	935,079	60,000		-	-	(875,079)
Facilities acquisition	56,610	-		-	-	(56,610)
Fiscal services	186,075	14,959		-	-	(171,116)
Food services	316,840	90,822		249,259	-	23,241
Central services	218,713	-		-	-	(218,713)
Operation of plant	1,741,750	130,538		-	597,138	(1,014,074)
Maintenance of plant	276,373	19,002		-		(257,371)
Total governmental activities	7,748,333	528,021		389,243	597,138	(6,233,931)
	FTE nonspec	ific revenues				6,579,264
	Other revenue	•				787
	Change in net	assets				346,120
	Net assets, be	ginning				3,763,824
	Net assets, en	ding				\$ 4,109,944

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Govermental Funds
Assets			
Cash	\$ 2,782,383	\$ -	\$ 2,782,383
Due from other schools	200,000	-	200,000
Prepaid expenses	271,989	-	271,989
Total Assets	\$ 3,254,372	\$ -	\$ 3,254,372
<u>Liabilities</u> Salaries and wages payable Accounts payable	\$ 368,134 4,035	\$ - -	\$ 368,134 4,035
Total Liabilities	372,169		372,169
Fund balance			-
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	271,989	-	271,989
Restricted	404,723	-	404,723
Unassigned	2,205,491		2,205,491
	2,882,203	<del>-</del>	2,882,203
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 3,254,372	\$ -	\$ 3,254,372

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 2,882,203

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets of \$2,476,082 net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,248,341 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

1,227,741

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 4,109,944

# 

	General Fund	Special	Total
			Govermental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 597,138	\$ 597,138
State passed through local	6,579,264	-	6,579,264
Federal sources	-	139,984	139,984
Federal school lunch	-	249,259	249,259
Other revenue	787	-	787
Usage and lunch fees	437,199	90,822	528,021
Total Revenues	7,017,250	1,077,203	8,094,453
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	3,800,480	102,669	3,903,149
Instructional staff training services	3,762	-	3,762
Board	15,000		15,000
School administration	927,617	-	927,617
Fiscal services	186,075	-	186,075
Food services	-	313,997	313,997
Central services	218,713	-	218,713
Operation of plant	1,124,615	597,138	1,721,753
Maintenance of plant	252,080	-	252,080
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	95,961	36,410	132,371
Debt Service:			
Redemption of Principal	-		-
Interest			
Total Expenditures	6,624,303	1,050,214	7,674,517
Excess of revenues over expenditures	392,947	26,989	419,936
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in and (out)	26,989	(26,989)	-
Net change in fund balance	419,936	<u> </u>	419,936
_	ŕ		
Fund Balance at beginning of year	2,462,267	<del>-</del>	2,462,267
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 2,882,203	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,882,203

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 419,936

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$132,371 exceed depreciation expense of \$206,187.

(73,816)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ 346,120

Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash	\$ 33,395
Total Assets	\$ 33,395
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	33,395
Total Liabilities	\$ 33,395
Net assets	\$ -

## Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized in the State of Florida. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The Doral Academy, Inc., which also governs other various charter schools. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the District School Board of Miami-Dade County (the "District"). The current charter expires on June 30, 2013 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of such District. The School is located in Doral, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades and is funded by the District.

These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2012, when approximately 1241 students were enrolled for the school year.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## Basis of presentation

Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide – Audits for States and Local Governments and provisions of Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These statements report information for the School as a whole. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues

# Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from non-exchange transactions are reported according to GASB Codification Section 1600.111 and Section N50 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions. On the accrual basis, revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

## Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

## Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	10-39 Years
Furniture, Equipment, and Computers	5 Years
Textbooks and Software	3 Years

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for operations will be received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the school receives an annual allocation of charter school capital outlay funds for leasing of school facilities.

## Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

#### Income Taxes

The Doral Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 30, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Net assets and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) <u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net assets of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net assets</u> all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

### Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification for the School's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance 7/1/11	_Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/12
Capital Assets:				
Computer equipment	\$ 214,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 214,420
Improvements	1,187,393	12,626	-	1,200,019
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	941,899	119,744	-	1,061,643
Total Capital Assets	2,343,712	132,370		2,476,082
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Computer equipment	(109,391)	(42,683)	-	(152,074)
Improvements	(187,985)	(55,974)	-	(243,959)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(744,779)	(107,529)	-	(852,308)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,042,155)	(206,185)		(1,248,341)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,301,557	\$ (73,185)	_\$ -	\$1,227,741

## Note 3 - Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 95,051
School administration	36,811
Facilities acquisition	29,814
Food services	291
Operation of plant	19,927
Maintenance of plant	24,292
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 206,186

## Note 4 - Management Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional charter school management company, provides management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement between the School and the management company calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is with Doral Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2014, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2012, the School incurred approximately \$558,000, in management fees. As of June 30, 2012, the school had prepaid approximately \$46,500 in management fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

#### Note 5 - Transactions with Related Parties

The School shared the lunch program with Doral Academy (a charter school operated by the same management company). As of June 30, 2012, total reimbursement received by Doral Academy on behalf of the School for the lunch program was approximately \$215,000. In addition, the School's after care program is administered by a service provider. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the School received approximately \$437,199 in rental income for the after school program and other rentals.

### Note 5 – Transactions with Related Parties (continued)

The School's facility is shared with Doral Academy of Technology, Doral Performing Arts and Entertainment Academy and Doral Academy High School (charter schools under The Doral Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools and other schools operated by The Doral Academy, Inc. During 2012, the School charged approximately \$460,000 in usage fees to Doral Academy of Technology.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2012, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$26,450.

## Note 6 - Deposits Policy and Credit Risk

It is the School's policy to maintain its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$2,782,383 and the respective bank balances totaled \$3,148,981. Under the Dodd-Frank Act, non-interest bearing deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are fully insured through December 31, 2012. All accounts held by the School are non-interest bearing and therefore fully insured by the FDIC as of June 30, 2012.

## Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies

The School entered into a lease and security agreement with School Development II, LLC for its 65,164 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. Presently, members of the Landlord are also stockholders of the company which is the sole owner of Academica Dade, LLC (See Note 4). Fixed initial annual payments under this agreement are based on a rate of \$18.25 per square footage of the building, which amount to approximately \$1,190,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through August 15, 2024 with an option to renew for an additional five year term.

Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" or not less than 1.10 to 1.00. In addition, the School is required under the terms of the lease agreements to maintain a reserve for property expenses such as repairs, maintenance, taxes and insurance equal to 5% of their gross revenues for the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2012, the required reserve was \$404,723, and is reflected as restricted in the statement of net assets.

### Note 7 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Finally, under this agreement the School has granted a first lien on its pledged revenues, which include all revenues collected by the school from the Florida Department of Education, the District, and all other sources.

With the Landlord's consent, the School made additional improvements to the leased premises with its own funds, generally described as a cafeteria building and other improvements. The landlord has agreed upon expiration of the existing lease agreement to make a contribution to the School equal to the unamortized original cost of the tenant improvements, based on 39-year useful life.

For 2012, rent expense totaled \$1,455,951, out which approximately \$1,444,000 related to facility lease. As of June 30, 2012, approximately \$127,000 was included in prepaid expenses.

Future minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2013	\$1,434,316
2014	\$1,434,316
2015	\$1,434,316
2016	\$1,434,316
2017	\$1,434,316
2018-2022	\$7,171,578 (Total for five-year period)
2023-2024	\$2,151,473 (Total for three-year period)

### Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

#### Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$17,533 for the year ended June 30, 2012. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2012

	General Fund						
	Original Budget		Fi	nal Budget	Actual		
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	6,103,920	\$	6,560,000	\$	6,579,264	
Other revenue		-		-		787	
Usage fees		400,000		425,000		437,199	
Total Revenues		6,503,920		6,985,000		7,017,250	
EVDENDIE! IDEG							
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Instruction	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,815,000	\$	3,800,480	
Instructional Staff	Þ	3,300,000	Ψ	3,813,000	Ψ	5,000,400	
		3,000		5,000		3,762	
Training Services Board		15,000		15,000		15,000	
School Administration		900,000		935,000		927,617	
Fiscal Services		200,000		200,000		186,075	
Central Services		200,000		200,000		218,713	
		1,130,000		1,130,000		1,124,615	
Operation of Plant				260,000		252,080	
Maintenance of Plant		171,856		200,000		232,000	
Total Current Expenditures		6,144,856		6,585,000		6,528,342	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		359,064		400,000		488,908	
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:							
Other Capital Outlay		175,000		100,000		95,961	
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		175,000		100,000		95,961	
Total Expenditures		6,319,856		6,685,000		6,624,303	
Total Expenditures		0,517,050				0,021,303	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		184,064		300,000		392,947	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in and (out)		-		(5,000)		26,989	
Not ahanga in fund halanga		184,064		295,000		419,936	
Net change in fund balance		104,004		275,000		417,720	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		2,462,267		2,462,267		2,462,267	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	2,646,331	\$	2,757,267	\$	2,882,203	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		
REVENUES				·· -			
State capital outlay funding	\$	338,720	\$	597,000	\$	597,138	
Federal sources		5,000		138,000		139,984	
Usage and lunch fees		50,000		70,000		90,822	
Federal school lunch	-	250,000		245,000		249,259	
Total Revenues		643,720		1,050,000	\$	1,077,203	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	\$	5,000	\$	105,000	\$	102,669	
Food Services		300,000		315,000		313,997	
Operation of Plant		338,720		597,000		597,138	
Total Current Expenditures		643,720		1,017,000		1,013,804	
Excess of Revenues				33,000		63,399	
Over Current Expenditures				33,000		05,399	
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay:							
Other Capital Outlay				36,000		36,410	
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		-		36,000		36,410	
Total Expenditures		643,720		1,053,000		1,050,214	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		(3,000)		26,989	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in and (out)				3,000		(26,989)	
Net change in fund balance		-		•		-	
Fund Balance at beginning of year						<del>-</del>	
Fund Balance at end of year		<u>-</u>	\$				



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Auditor General of the State of Florida and the School Board of Miami-Dade County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 30, 2012



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Doral Academy Charter Middle School Doral, Florida

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Doral Academy Charter Middle School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012 and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2010.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 30, 2010, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of charter school audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's report or schedule:

- 1. Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.
  - No significant findings or recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial audit report.
- 2. Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management.

### ML 2012-01 - EDUCATION JOBS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### Observation

We noted that Education Jobs Fund (EJF) revenues and expenditures were not included in the Special Revenue Fund.

### Recommendation

EJF monies are Federal funds that meet the definition of funds that should be included in the Special Revenue Funds.

3. Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential.

In connection with our audit, we did not have any such violations.

4. Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that are inconsequential to the determination of financial statement accounts, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, and (2) control deficiencies that are not significant deficiencies, including, but not limited to; (a) improper or inadequate accounting procedures (e.g., the omission of required disclosures from the annual financial statements); (b) failures to properly record financial transactions; and (c) inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, and instances of fraud discovered by, or that come to the attention of, the auditor.

In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

5. Section 10854.(1)(e)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the school.

The official title of the school is disclosed in the accompanying financial statements.

6. Section 10.854(1)(e)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the school has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met.

In connection with our audit, no such conditions were noted.

7. Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)7.a. and 10.855(11)., Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

We have applied such procedures and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Auditor General of the State of Florida and the School Board of Miami-Dade County, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 30, 2012

## **Doral Academy Charter Middle School**

August 31, 2012

HLB Gravier, LLP 201 Alhambra Circle, Suite 901 Coral Gables, FL 33134

RE: MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSES TO AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

The following is the response by the School's Board of Directors to your recommendations:

### ML 2012-01 - Recommendation

EJ monies are Federal funds that meet the definition of funds that should be included in the Special Revenue Funds.

## **Management Response**

Although Management recorded revenues separately in its own fund, Management will take additional steps to ensure that all expenses are also recorded in a separate fund.

Sincerely,

Ana Maria Martinez

Authorized Signor for Doral Academy, Inc.