iMater Preparatory Academy High School
(A charter school under
Mater Academy, Inc.)
(A Charter School and Component Unit
of the School Board of Miami Dade County, Florida)

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2014

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651 West 20th Street Hialeah, Florida 33010

2013-2014

# **Board of Directors**

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School Administration

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of iMater Preparatory Academy High School Hialeah, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of iMater Preparatory Academy High School (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Miami-Dade County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of iMater Preparatory Academy High School at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of iMater Preparatory Academy High School at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2014 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2014 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 28 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014 HUB Gravier, UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

iMater Preparatory Academy High School (A Charter School Under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2014

The corporate officers of iMater Preparatory Academy High School have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

### Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2014 was \$ 113,549.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$344,211
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$113,549 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$115,111.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-27 of this report.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$113,549 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2014 follows:

	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 285,653
Prepaid expenses	26,768
Due from other agencies	31,790
Capital Assets, net	191,670
Total Assets	535,881
Deferred outflows of resources	w
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	25,327
Due to affiliates	397,005
Total Liabilities	422,332
Deferred inflows of resources	2
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	=
Unrestricted	113,549
Total Net Position	\$ 113,549

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014 follows:

	2014
REVENUES	
Program Revenues	
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 45,749
Capital Outlay Funding	126,477
Lunch Program	68,067
Charges for Services	24,287
General Revenues	
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	1,200,759
Other Revenues	4,021_
Total Revenues	\$ 1,469,360
EXPENSES	
Component Unit Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 640,187
Instructional staff training	869
School administration	265,901
Fiscal services	30,300
Food services	59,489
Central services	41,902
Operation of plant	271,638
Maintenance of plant	30,895
Community Services	14,630_
Total Expenses	1,355,811
Increase in Net Position	113,549
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 113,549

The 2013-14 school-year was the first year of operation for the School. Accordingly, the financial statement has no comparison with prior year results. Comparative analysis will be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

### Accomplishments

In 2014, iMater Preparatory Academy High School (iMater High) opened its doors to 202 students in grades 9-11. Located in a centric neighborhood in Hialeah, the school's proximity to colleges and universities such as Miami Dade's Hialeah Campus, St. Thomas University and Florida International University, gives students access and convenience to enroll in college courses (dual enrollment) and participate in a college setting.

iMater High's vision is to provide a structured, creative environment that enable students to ask questions, solve problems, and take risks as they gain the knowledge, skills, and attitudes necessary for meaningful and productive lives as artists, designers, and citizens of the world. iMater High is a collaborative teaching and learning environment that encourages students to develop meaningful interactions across the visual & performing arts and other disciplines.

- Support <u>curriculum integration</u> where students use appropriate, real world technologies that foster high achievement, independent problem solving and global participation.
- Support on-going, timely <u>professional development</u> where staff learns to integrate technology into the curriculum, mange data technologies, and explore new technologies as they affect teaching and learning.
- Engage the community in technology partnerships through increased communication with stake holders, shared resources, and work with institutions of high education, libraries and businesses.
- Support <u>an infrastructure</u> that includes up to date hardware, software and modern peripherals so that the curriculum can be easily integrated.
- Provide <u>support systems</u> such as personnel, operations, management, and other systems that support teaching and learning.

iMater High's Dual Enrollment Program enables sophomores, juniors and/or seniors to enroll in college courses and earn college credits at local institutions of higher education. The Dual Enrollment Program aims for students to earn an Associate of Arts degree in conjunction with their high school diploma.

In addition to offering a broad curriculum, iMater High also encourages students to become well-rounded scholars by participating in service learning and extracurricular activities. The school offers a variety of varsity and junior varsity sports, clubs, and activities.

As a member of the Mater Academy network of high quality charter schools, iMater Preparatory Academy High School is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$141,879. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$115,111. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

### Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$191,670 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building and improvements and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. The School had outstanding debt of \$220,000 associated to capital assets.

### Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 157,500	\$ 126,480	\$ 126,477		
Federal sources	90,000	98,000	99,217		
Lunch program	15,000	14,000	14,599		
General Revenues					
FTE nonspecific revenues	1,179,300	1,200,000	1,200,759		
Charges and other revenues	25,000	28,000	28,308		
Total Revenues	\$ 1,466,800	\$ 1,466,480	\$ 1,469,360		
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Component Unit Activities					
Instruction	\$ 546,000	\$ 627,000	\$ 615,933		
Instructional staff training	1,000	1,000	869		
School administration	200,000	270,000	265,901		
Fiscal services	20,000	35,000	30,300		
Food services	60,000	60,000	55,399		
Central services	20,000	45,000	41,902		
Operation of plant	247,500	246,480	267,036		
Maintenance of plant	30,000	35,000	30,895		
Community Services	15,000	15,000	14,630		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,139,500	\$ 1,334,480	\$ 1,322,865		

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

# **Assets**

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	285,653
Prepaid expenses		26,768
Due from other agencies	(	31,790
		344,211
Capital assets, depreciable		224,616
Less: accumulated depreciation		(32,946)
		191,670
Total Assets		535,881
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		25,327
Due to affiliates and other charter schools		177,005
		202,332
Due to affiliates and other charter schools	7.	220,000
Total Liabilities		422,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources	West of the second	-
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		
Unrestricted		113,549
Total Net Position	\$	113,549

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2014

		e								
				Pı	rogra	m Revenu	ies			
FUNCTIONS	F	Expenses	Charges fo	r	Gra	erating ants and ributions	Grai	pital its and ibutions	an	t (Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:				884						-
Instruction	\$	640,187	\$ -		\$	45,749	\$	<b>W</b> 7	\$	(594,438)
Instructional staff training		869				( <del>-</del>		-		(869)
School administration		265,901	3			÷		-		(265,901)
Fiscal services		30,300	â	ž		æ		8)		(30,300)
Food services		59,489	14,599	)		53,468		<b>=</b>		8,578
Central services		41,902				-		.=1		(41,902)
Operation of plant		271,638	<del>,</del>	5		£ <del>5</del>	13	26,477		(145,161)
Maintenance of plant		30,895				:=		=		(30,895)
Community Services	y-	14,630	24,287	_				-		9,657
Total governmental activities		1,355,811	38,886	_		99,217	13	26,477	(	(1,091,231)
	Ge	neral reven	ues:							
	FTE nonspecific revenues					1,200,759				
	Int	erest and o	ther revenue							4,021
	Ch	ange in net	position							113,549
	Ne	et position,	beginning							: <b>-</b>
	Ne	t position,	ending						\$	113,549

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Ge	neral Fund	S	Special		Total
					Go	overnmental
	19		Rev	enue Fund		Funds
A.S						
Assets	<b>d</b>	005 (50	Φ		Φ	005 650
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	285,653	\$	E1	\$	285,653
Due from other agencies		\ <del></del>		31,790		31,790
Due from fund		31,790		<b>57</b> (1)		31,790
Prepaid expenses		26,768		===		26,768
Total Assets		344,211		31,790		376,001
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	8	-		-		-
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Salaries and wages payable		25,327		-		25,327
Due to affiliates and other charter schools		177,005		<b>₩</b> 0		177,005
Due to fund		12 <u>1</u>		31,790		31,790
Total Liabilities		202,332		31,790		234,122
						9 <u>-</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		_	•			-
Family halamas						
Fund balance		26.769				26.769
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		26,768		*		26,768
Unassigned		115,111	-		-	115,111
		141,879				141,879
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balance	_\$	344,211	\$	31,790	_\$_	376,001

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2014

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 141,879

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$224,616 net of accumulated depreciation of \$32,946 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

191,670

Long term liabilities of \$220,000 were not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

(220,000)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 113,549

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended 
June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Cunnial	Total
	General Fund	Special	Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Devianues		Revenue runu	runus
Revenues: State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 126,477	\$ 126,477
State capital outlay funding State passed through local	1,200,759	φ 120,477	1,200,759
Federal sources	1,200,739	99,217	99,217
Charges for services and other revenue	28,308	14,599	42,907
Charges for services and other revenue	20,300	14,399	42,907
Total Revenues	1,229,067	240,293	1,469,360
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	570,184	45,749	615,933
Instructional staff training	869		869
School administration	265,901		265,901
Fiscal services	30,300	-:	30,300
Food services	<b>-</b> 8	55,399	55,399
Central services	41,902	<u>■</u> 7	41,902
Operation of plant	140,559	126,477	267,036
Maintenance of plant	30,895	-0	30,895
Community Services	14,630	=	14,630
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	224,616		224,616
Total Expenditures	1,319,856	227,625	1,547,481
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(90,789)	12,668	(78,121)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	12,668	(12,668)	3=
Long term advances from affiliates, net	220,000	(12,000)	220,000
Long term advances from arrinates, not	220,000	0.	
Net change in fund balance	141,879	<u> </u>	141,879
Fund Balance at beginning of year	2	-	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 141,879	\$ -	\$ 141,879

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 141,879

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$224,616 exceeded depreciation expense of \$32,946

191,670

The proceeds from debt issuance provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of position.. This is the amount by which repayments of \$0 exceeded proceeds of \$220,000

(220,000)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 113,549

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

# Assets

Cash	\$ 35,940
Total Assets	35,940
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>
Liabilities	
Due to students and clubs	35,940
Total Liabilities	35,940
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	\$ -

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Reporting Entity

iMater Preparatory Academy High School (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of six members and also governs other charter schools.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2017 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charters expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Hialeah, Florida for students from ninth through twelfth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2014, when on average 202 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### New Accounting Pronouncements

The School implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB 63 identifies net position, rather than net assets, as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after assets. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisition of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after liabilities.

Additionally, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities". GASB 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund - accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

# Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

# Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

#### Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

# Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	5 Years
Furniture and equipment	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Long -Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Income Taxes

Mater Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 29, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

# **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the School's deposits and investments was \$285,653; of which \$147,771 consisted of bank balances and \$270,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2014, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$186,756; including fiduciary account bank balances.

# Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2014, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mac. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

### Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Bala	ance					I	Balance
	07/0	1/13	Α	dditions	Retire	ments	0	6/30/14
Capital assets, depreciable:	W	·······················			Assistant and		Ver-24.555-7	1.12.11.55.7111
Buildings and Improvements	\$	~	\$	79	\$	(E)	\$	-
Computer equipment and software		-		34,849		-		34,849
Furniture, equipment and textbooks		-		189,767				189,767
Total Capital Assets	\$		\$	224,616	\$	a.	\$	224,616
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		<b></b>		8₩		( <del>=</del> )		<b>=</b> 2
Computer equipment and software		<b>(4)</b>		(14,871)		-		(14,871)
Furniture, equipment, and textbooks		<b>12</b> )	417	(18,075)		7 <del>#</del> ₹		(18,075)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		=		(32,946)	3	12		(32,946)
Capital Assets, net	\$	=	\$	191,670	\$		\$	191,670

### Note 3 – Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 24,254
Food services	4,090
Operation of plant	4,602
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 32,946

# Note 4 - Management Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional charter school management company, provides management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement between the School and the management company calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year.

The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc. for a period of three years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the School incurred \$90,900 in management fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

# Note 5 - Transactions With Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

For 2014, the School's facility was shared with iMater Academy Middle School (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools. As of June 30, 2014, the School had a payable due to iMater Academy Middle School in the amount of \$162,065. In addition, the School's student activities account includes the accounts of iMater Academy Middle School.

# Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc. (continued)

Mater Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. iMater Preparatory Academy High School paid Mater Academy, Inc. approximately \$20,000 in connection with these charges during the year.

During 2014, the School received additional non-interest bearing advances from other charter schools. The advances are due in three years and are secured by the Schools fixed assets. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance						Balance		
	07/01/13		Additions		Deletions		06/30/14		
Mater Academy of Performing Arts	\$	-	\$	220,000	\$	a <del></del> .	,	220,000	
Total Long Term Receivables	\$		\$	220,000	\$		\$	220,000	

# Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

On April 1, 2013, Mater Academy, Inc. (the subtenant) entered into a space sublease agreement with Mater Academy Foundation Inc., as sublandlord. Mater Academy Foundation, Inc. is the tenant under a master lease agreement with Hialeah School Development, LLC (the "Landlord"). Mater Academy Foundation, Inc. is a not-for-profit supporting organization of Mater Academy, Inc. under Section 509(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's management company (See Note 4).

The charter school facility consists of approximately 80,000 rentable square feet. For the year ended 2014, the Schools occupied 40,000 square feet while the remaining space was under construction.

The term of this sublease agreement commenced the date that the facility is made tenantable and approved for use by the school but not sooner than July 25, 2013 and continues through July 31, 2033 with an option to renew for an additional five-year term (subject to the master lease agreement extension). Initial fixed annual rent payments under this agreement (based on \$19.80 per square foot) are approximately \$1,584,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. There shall be a enrollment period discount of \$5.00 per square foot applicable to the first and second lease years and a discount of \$2.20 per square foot for the third lease year.

### Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Under the sublease agreement, the School must meet certain requirements and covenants including maintaining a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

Payments under the sublease agreement are allocated between the School and iMater Academy Middle School based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2014, was approximately 31% for the School and 69% for iMater Academy Middle School.

For 2014, rent expense totaled \$146,943. As of June 30, 2014, the School had approximately \$15,000 in rent payable to the sublandlord.

Future minimum payments under the sublease (to be shared with iMater Academy Middle School) are as follows:

Year		
2015	\$1,184,000	
2016	\$1,424,000	
2017	\$1,584,000	
2018	\$1,584,000	
2019	\$1,584,000	
2020-2024	\$7,920,000	(total for five-year period)
2025-2029	\$7,920,000	(total for five-year period)
2030-2033	\$6,336,000	(total for four-year period)

### Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

# Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The School participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs which are subject to audit in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". The School expects such expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies to be immaterial.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2014, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$58,116.

# Note 7 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

#### Note 8 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$4,499 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
State passed through local	\$ 1,179,300	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,759	
Charges for services and other revenue	25,000	28,000	28,308	
Total Revenues	1,204,300	1,228,000	1,229,067	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	501,000	575,000	570,184	
Instructional Staff Training	1,000	1,000	869	
School Administration	200,000	270,000	265,901	
Fiscal Services	20,000	35,000	30,300	
Central Services	20,000	45,000	41,902	
Operation of Plant	90,000	120,000	140,559	
Maintenance of Plant	30,000	35,000	30,895	
Community Services	15,000	15,000	14,630	
Total Current Expenditures	877,000	1,096,000	1,095,240	
Excess of Revenues				
Over Current Expenditures	327,300	132,000	133,827	
Capital Outlay	259,000	230,000	224,616	
Total Expenditures	1,136,000	1,326,000	1,319,856	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	68,300	(98,000)	(90,789)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (out)		-	12,668	
Long term advances from affiliates, net	-	220,000	220,000	
Net change in fund balance	68,300	122,000	141,879	
Fund Balance at beginning of year				
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 68,300	\$ 122,000	\$ 141,879	

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Original Budget		Fin	al Budget	Actual		
REVENUES	-						
State capital outlay funding	\$	157,500	\$	126,480	\$	126,477	
Federal sources		90,000		98,000		99,217	
Charges for services and other revenue	9	15,000		14,000	-	14,599	
Total Revenues		262,500		238,480		240,293	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		45,000		52,000		45,749	
Food services		60,000		60,000		55,399	
Operation of Plant	1	157,500		126,480		126,477	
Total Current Expenditures		262,500	10-	238,480		227,625	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures	12			-	<u> </u>	12,668	
Capital Outlay					-	-	
Total Expenditures	-	262,500		238,480		227,625	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		<b>(</b>		-		12,668	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)	0)			-		(12,668)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	No. of Contrast of	-	Established				
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	0	\$		\$		

# Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of iMater Preparatory Academy High School Hialeah, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of iMater Preparatory Academy High School (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate management letter dated August 29, 2014 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HIB Granien, UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of iMater Preparatory Academy High School Hialeah, Florida

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of iMater Preparatory Academy High School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

# Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 29, 2014, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Not applicable since this is the first year of operations.

#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether or not has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218..503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that iMater Preparatory Academy High School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

# Financial Condition (Continued)

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for iMater Preparatory Academy High School. It is management's responsibility to monitor iMater Preparatory Academy High School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In Connection with our audit, we determined that iMater Preparatory Academy High School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management.

# ML 14-01 - INTERNAL ACCOUNT - DISBURSEMENTS

#### Observation

During our testing, we noted that the majority of the check disbursements tested from the internal bank account did not have the required two signatures.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the School adheres to its internal control policies relating to the internal account so that all check disbursements have the required second signature.

#### ML 14-02- INTERNAL ACCOUNT - DEPOSITS

#### Observation

During the testing of internal account activity, we noted various exceptions regarding documentation and procedures for deposits. The exceptions included recap sheets that did not agree to the deposit slip, missing recap sheets, missing receipts to support reimbursements to teachers and recap sheets that were not signed by the teacher and/or school treasurer.

# **Recommendation**

We recommend that personnel be properly trained on procedures governing the School's internal account.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is iMater Preparatory Academy High School.

# Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HLB Gravin, UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014

# iMater Preparatory Academy High School

August 26, 2014

HLB Gravier, LLP 396 Alhambra Circle, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Coral Gables, FL 33134

RE: MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

The following is the response by the School's Board of Directors to your recommendation:

### ML 14-01 - INTERNAL ACCOUNT

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the School adheres to its internal control policies relating to the Internal account so that all disbursements have the required second signature and that all disbursements have adequate support.

Management Response

Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. Management will enforce the two signature disbursement policy, as well as perform regular reviews of all disbursement checks and deposit recap sheets.

### ML 14-02 - INTERNAL ACCOUNT - DEPOSITS

#### Recommendation

We recommend that personnel be properly trained on procedures governing the School's internal account.

Management Response

Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation and accounting personnel will be thoroughly trained on internal accounting procedures.

Sincerely

Antonio L. Roca

President, Mater Academy, Inc.

Judith C. Marty

School Principal, iMater Preparatory

Academy High School