Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
(A Charter School and Component Unit
of the School Board of Miami Dade County, Florida)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2014

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Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc) W/L#4012 23255 SW 115th Avenue Miami, Florida 33032

2013-2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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Kerri Ann O'Sullivan, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms Miami. Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Miami-Dade County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2014 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2014, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 28 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Dravin, 4P

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2014

The corporate officers of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the period ended June 30, 2014

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2014 was \$1,119,447.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$560,833.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$258,158 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$153,301

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 27 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$1,119,447 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 follows:

	2014	2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 301,871	\$ 386,470
Prepaid expenses	98,862	101,550
Due from other agencies	22,554	8,586
Deposits receivable	6,350	-
Due form other charter schools	131,196	102,480
Capital Assets, net	1,886,390_	2,082,318
Total Assets	2,447,223	2,681,404
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	292,094	309,678
Deferred revenues	10,226	-
Due to other Schools	578,580	651,060
Tenant improvement debt	446,876	859,376
Total Liabilities	1,327,776	1,820,114
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	860,934	571,882
Unrestricted	258,513	289,408
Total Net Position	\$ 1,119,447	\$ 861,290

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 follows:

	2014	2013
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 352,799	\$ 697,487
Capital Outlay Funding	390,558	263,332
Lunch Program	49,558	18,449
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	4,119,476	3,735,107
Other Revenues	2,570	
Total Revenues	\$ 4,914,961	\$ 4,714,375
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 2,812,007	\$ 2,542,638
	2,790	1,512
Instructional staff training Board	13,203	11,981
School administration	658,302	577,448
Facilities acquisition	82,946	82,946
Fiscal services	96,300	92,175
Food services	212,930	229,715
Central services	101,709	117,446
Operation of plant	616,342	598,026
Maintenance of plant	60,275	24,323
Total Expenses	4,656,804	4,278,210
Increase in Net Position	258,157	436,165
Net Position at Beginning of Year	861,290	425,125
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,119,447	\$ 861,290
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Student enrollment increased in 2014 by approximately 27 students. As a result, The School's revenues and expenses increased by \$200,586 and \$378,594, respectively, in the current year. In addition, for the 2013-2014 school year, the state appropriated a per student funding amount slightly larger than the amount appropriated for the 2012-2013 school year. The School had an increase in its net position of \$258,157 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 23255 SW 115th Avenue, Miami, FL

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

This past year, the School had approximately 642 students enrolled in grades kindergarten through eighth.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature. At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$258,513. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$153,301. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Achievements

In 2014, Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (Somerset Prep) completed its 3rd year of operations, enrolling 642 students. The school earned a letter grade of "A," ranking among the highest performing public K-8 schools in Miami-Dade County.

This past year, Somerset Prep students were recognized for their participation and achievements in the Somerset Spelling Bee and the Future City Competition. Students also participated in various school-based events and productions, including the Holiday Show, Somerset's Got Talent show, Music in School Show, End of Year Show, Career Day, Hispanic Heritage Show, and the Black History Month Show.

Somerset Preparatory Academy provides its students with a rigorous curriculum, as well as an extensive extracurricular program of activities. Students are able to participate in team sports, over 25 active clubs, and honor societies including: Student Council, Guitar Club, Art Club, Dance, Cheerleading, Spanish, National Junior Honor Society, Robotics, Recycling Club, Environmental Club, Safety Patrol, Future Educators of America, Newspaper, Future City, Math Club, and Science Club.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Prep is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. It is one of only a few public elementary schools in Miami-Dade County to be fully accredited by AdvancEd. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset Prep places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research—based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$1,886,390 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2014, the School had long term debt relating to capital assets of \$1,025,456.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

		Governmental Fund	i
	Original		
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 273,125	\$ 390,560	\$ 390,558
Federal sources	300,000	352,200	352,799
Lunch program	25,000	49,000	49,558
General Revenues			
FTE nonspecific revenues	3,674,210	4,118,575	4,119,476
Charges and other revenues	2,500	2,500	2,570
Total Revenues	4,274,835	4,912,835	4,914,961
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Component Unit Activities			
Instruction	2,850,000	2,813,200	2,667,558
Instructional staff training	3,000	3,000	2,790
Board	15,000	15,000	13,203
School administration	700,000	660,000	658,302
Fiscal services	98,000	97,000	96,300
Food services	175,000	246,200	212,930
Central services	105,000	102,500	101,709
Operation of plant	493,125	608,560	606,624
Maintenance of plant	70,000	61,000	60,275
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 4,509,125	\$ 4,606,460	\$ 4,419,691

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

A	SS	e	ts

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	301,871
Prepaid expenses	·	98,862
Due from other agencies		22,554
Due from other charter schools		131,196
Deposits receivable		6,350
		560,833
Capital assets, depreciable		2,352,689
Less: accumulated depreciation		(466,299)
20001 4004444444444444444444444444444444		1,886,390
Total Assets		2,447,223
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		292,094
Deferred revenues		10,226
Tenant improvements-current		412,501
Total Current Liabilities		714,821
Due to other charter schools		578,580
Tenant improvements long-term debt		34,375
Total Long Term Liabilities		612,955
Defended Inflores of Description		
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		860,934
Unrestricted		258,513
Total Net Position	\$	1,119,447

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2014

		I	Program Reven	ues	
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,812,007	\$ -	\$ 141,527	\$ -	\$ (2,670,480)
Instructional media services	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff training	2,790	_	-	-	(2,790)
Board	13,203	-	-	-	(13,203)
School administration	658,302	-	-	-	(658,302)
Facilities acquisition	82,946	-	-	-	(82,946)
Fiscal services	96,300	-	-	-	(96,300)
Food services	212,930	49,558	211,272	-	47,900
Central services	101,709	-	-	-	(101,709)
Operation of plant	616,342	-	-	390,558	(225,784)
Maintenance of plant	60,275	-	-	-	(60,275)
Community Services					
Total governmental activities	4,656,804	49,558	352,799	390,558	(3,863,889)
	General rever	nues:			
	FTE nonspec				4,119,476
	Interest and o				2,570
	Change in ne	t position			258,157
	Net position,	, beginning			861,290
	Net position,	ending			\$ 1,119,447

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Ge	neral Fund		Special		Total	
			•	Special.	Go	vernmental	
			Rev	enue Fund	00	Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	301,871	\$	-	\$	301,871	
Due from other agencies		-		22,554		22,554	
Due from other charter schools		131,196				131,196	
Due from fund		22,554		-		22,554	
Prepaid expenses		98,862		-		98,862	
Deposits receivable		6,350				6,350	
Total Assets		560,833		22,554		583,387	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		_				_	
Liabilities							
Salaries and wages payable		292,094		-		292,094	
Deferred revenues		10,226		_		10,226	
Due to fund		-		22,554		22,554	
Total Liabilities		302,320		22,554		324,874	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		_		-	
Fund balance							
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		105,212		-		105,212	
Unassigned		153,301		-		153,301	
		258,513		_		258,513	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	560,833	\$	22,554	\$	583,387	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2014

Total	Fund	Rolonca	Governmental	Funde
i mai	rima	Balance -	Ctovernmeniai	Fillias

\$ 258,513

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$2,352,689 net of accumulated depreciation of \$466,299 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

1,886,390

Long term liabilities of \$1,025,456 are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund.

(1,025,456)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 1,119,447

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Special	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 390,558	\$ 390,558
State passed through local	4,119,476	-	4,119,476
Federal sources	-	352,799	352,799
Lunch program	-	49,558	49,558
Charges and other revenue	2,570		2,570
Total Revenues	4,122,046	792,915	4,914,961
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	2,526,031	141,527	2,667,558
Board	13,203	-	13,203
Instructional media services	<u>-</u>	-	-
Instructional staff training	2,790	-	2,790
School administration	658,302	-	658,302
Facilities acquisition	-	-	-
Fiscal services	96,300	-	96,300
Food services	-	212,930	212,930
Central services	101,709	-	101,709
Operation of plant	216,066	390,558	606,624
Maintenance of plant	60,275	-	60,275
Community Services	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:	44.40.		44.40
Other capital outlay	41,185		41,185
Total Expenditures	3,715,861	745,015	4,460,876
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	406,185	47,900	454,085
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	47,900	(47,900)	-
Repayment of tenant improvement debt	(412,500)	, , ,	(412,500)
Repayment of debt to other charter schools	(72,480)	-	(72,480)
Net change in fund balance	(30,895)	-	(30,895)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	289,408		289,408
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 258,513	\$ -	\$ 258,513

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (30,895)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$41,185 exceeded depreciation expense of \$237,113.

(195,928)

Decrease in long term payables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term payables of \$0 exceeded reduction of \$484,980 in the current period.

484,980

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 258,157

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

Assets

Cash	\$ 66,151
Total Assets	66,151
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	66,151
Total Liabilities	66,151
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of ten members and also governs other charter schools.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2015 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from grades kindergarten through eighth and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2014, when approximately 642 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB 63 identifies net position, rather than net assets, as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after assets. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisition of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after liabilities. This change was incorporated in the School's financial statements; however there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Additionally, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities." GASB 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This change was incorporated in the School's financial statements; however there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – School's internal funds accounts for resources of the school's Internal Fund which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student activities, class, and club activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from" other funds. Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Long -Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	20 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 29, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance	A 1.11-1		Balance
	07/01/13	Additions	Retirements	06/30/14
Capital Assets:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Land, buildings and Improvements	1,652,231	17,860	-	1,670,091
Computer equipment and software	330,514	-		330,514
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	328,758	23,325	_	352,083
Total Capital Assets	\$ 2,311,503	\$ 41,185	\$ -	\$ 2,352,688
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(83,169)	(84,732)	-	(167,901)
Computer equipment and software	(127,809)	(75,806)		(203,615)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(18,207)	(76,575)	-	(94,782)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(229,185)	(237,113)	-	(466,298)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,082,318	\$ (195,928)	\$ -	\$ 1,886,390

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 144,449
Facilities acquisition	82,946
Operation of plant	 9,718
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 237,113

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2014, the bank balance of the School's deposits and investments was \$470,702; of which \$30,702 consisted of bank balances and \$440,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2014, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$30,702; including fiduciary account bank balances.

Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2014, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

Note 4 – Management Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional charter school management company, provides management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement between the School and the management company calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the School incurred approximately \$288,900, in management fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President & Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

Note 5 – Transactions with other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School has a current receivable from Somerset Academy at Silver Palms for \$131,196 and a long-term payable to Somerset Academy at Silver Palms for \$ 378,580 and a long-term payable to Somerset Academy Charter High School for \$ 200,000. Both are Schools under Somerset Academy, Inc.

	Balance		Balance	
	07/01/13	Additions	Deletions	06/30/14
Somerset Academy at Silver Palms	\$ 451,060	\$ -	\$ 72,480	\$ 378,580
Somerset Academy High Dade	200,000			200,000
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 651,060	\$ -	\$ 72,480	\$ 578,580

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During the year, the school was allocated \$230,830 of lunch revenues and \$212,930 of associated food expense from Somerset Academy at Silver Palms for use of its lunch facilities.

Somerset Academy, Inc., (the "Corporation") charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2014, the school paid \$ 64,200 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

The School entered into a lease with Southwestern Grant II, LLC for its 41,700 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's management company. (See Note 4). This facility is an annex of the Somerset Silver Palms School facility (a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement (fee per square foot varies) are approximately \$610,588 adjusted annually based on the greater of 3% or the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. Extended fixed annual payments under this agreement (based on \$20.27 per square foot). The agreement continues through July 31, 2031.

Under the agreement, the School will reimburse the landlord for tenant improvements. As of June 30, 2014, the School capitalized approximately \$1,650,000 of tenant improvements, of which approximately \$446,876 were payable at year end over the remaining term of 14 months.

In addition, under the terms of the lease, the landlord agreed to certain enrollment period discounts. The discount for the year ended June 30, 2014 was approximately \$422,500.

Lease payments are allocated net of enrollment period discounts. For 2014, rent expense totaled \$378,427, of which approximately \$377,309 related to the facility lease. Future minimum payments for the full lease net of enrollment period discounts are as follows:

Year		Base Rent	Discounts	Net
	2015	\$795,592	(152,500)	\$643,092
	2016	\$845,145	-	\$845,145
	2017	\$845,145	-	\$845,145
	2018	\$845,145	-	\$845,145
	2019	\$845,145	-	\$845,145
	2020-2024	\$4,225,711	-	\$4,225,711
	2025-2029	\$4,225,711	-	\$4,225,711
	2030-2031	\$1,690,290	-	\$1,690,290

Future minimum maturities on leasehold improvements payable based on tenant invoice terms are as follows:

Year	Total
2015	412,500
2016	34,375

Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

The School participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs which are subject to audit in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". The School expects such expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies to be immaterial.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2014, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$80,217.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 8 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School provides a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc. covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan, the School will provide a match of 50% up to 4% of employee compensation. Contributions to the plan were \$18,504 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The school does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the plan's assets.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2014

			eneral Fund	al Fund			
	Original Budget		Fi	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	3,674,210	\$	4,118,575	\$	4,119,476	
Charges and other revenue		2,500		2,500		2,570	
Total Revenues		3,676,710		4,121,075		4,122,046	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		2,700,000		2,658,200		2,526,031	
Instructional Staff Training		3,000		3,000		2,790	
Board		15,000		15,000		13,203	
School Administration		700,000		660,000		658,302	
Fiscal Services		98,000		97,000		96,300	
Food Services		-		-		-	
Central Services		105,000		102,500		101,709	
Operation of Plant		220,000		218,000		216,066	
Maintenance of Plant		70,000		61,000		60,275	
Community Services				_		_	
Total Current Expenditures		3,911,000		3,814,700		3,674,676	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		(234,290)		306,375		447,370	
Capital Outlay		30,000		42,000		41,185	
Total Expenditures		3,941,000		3,856,700		3,715,861	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(264,290)		264,375		406,185	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)		-		-		47,900	
Repayment of tenant improvement debt				(412,500)		(412,500)	
Repayment of debt to other charter schools				(72,500)		(72,480)	
Net change in fund balance		(264,290)		(220,625)		(30,895)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		289,408		289,408		289,408	
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$_	25,118	\$	68,783	\$	258,513	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	al Budget		Actual
REVENUES						_
State capital outlay funding	\$	273,125	\$	390,560	\$	390,558
Federal sources		300,000		352,200		352,799
Lunch program		25,000		49,000		49,558
Total Revenues		598,125		791,760		792,915
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		150,000		155,000		141,527
Food services		175,000		246,200		212,930
Operation of Plant		273,125		390,560		390,558
Total Current Expenditures		598,125		791,760		745,015
Excess of Revenues				_		
Over Current Expenditures	<u> </u>				***************************************	47,900
Capital Outlay						-
Total Expenditures		598,125		791,760		745,015
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		47,900
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)				-		(47,900)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year						~
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate management letter dated August 29, 2014 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Graveis LEP

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms Miami, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 29, 2014, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. See heading below titled Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether or not Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Financial Condition (Continued)

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In Connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have no observations and recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms

Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations

<u>ML13-01 – Internal account</u>: During the current year audit, it was noted that general fundraising activity is reflected in the School's revenues, expenses and net position. Fiduciary activity is excluded from such and reflected as a liability.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Dravin, Ht

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014