$Somerset~Oaks~Academy\\ W/L~\#~3033\\ (A~charter~school~under~Somerset~Academy,~Inc.)$

Homestead, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2015

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Somerset Oaks Academy (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L # 3033 1000 Old Dixie Highway Homestead, Fl 33030

2014-2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Oaks Academy Homestead, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Oaks Academy (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Oaks Academy at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Oaks Academy at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HIB Draver; UP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Oaks Academy
(A Charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2015

The corporate officers of Somerset Oaks Academy have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the period ended June 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2015 was \$338,053.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$392,221.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$95,031 for the period ended June 30, 2015.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$109,441.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 26 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$338,053 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

•	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 205,873	\$ 112,208
Accounts receivable, no allowance necessary	5,356	-
Prepaid expenses	111,966	-
Due from other agencies	13,463	2,637
Deposits receivable	55,563	-
Capital Assets, net	411,083	128,177
Total Assets	803,304	243,022
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	108,651	-
Accounts Payable	6,600	
Total Liabilities	115,251	
Long-term payable to related party	350,000	-
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	61,083	128,177
Unrestricted	276,970	114,845
Total Net Position	\$ 338,053	\$ 243,022

At the end of the year, the School is able to report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended through June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 128,264	\$ 1,776
Capital Outlay Funding	100,328	28,083
Lunch Program	5,440	13,907
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	1,983,142	465,349
Other Revenues	5,383	-
Total Revenues	\$ 2,222,557	\$ 509,115
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,071,581	\$ 230,576
Instructional staff training	5,226	1,282
Board	5,250	9,752
School administration	424,514	116,109
Facilities acquisition		-
Fiscal services	44,100	10,200
Food services	157,490	16,794
Central services	61,313	10,200
Operation of plant	322,389	69,942
Maintenance of plant	35,663	2,316
Total Expenses	2,127,526	467,171
Increase in Net Position	95,031	41,944
Net Position at Beginning of Year	243,022_	201,078
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 338,053	\$ 243,022

Somerset Oaks Academy's revenues and expenditures increased by \$1,713,442 and \$1,660,355, respectively as a result of an increase in student enrollment from 68 to 293. Somerset Oaks Academy had an increase in its net position of \$95,031 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 1000 Old Dixie Highway, Homestead, Florida 33030.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

This past year, the School had approximately 293 students enrolled in grades kindergarten through eighth grade.

Achievements

In 2015, Somerset Oaks Academy completed its 4th year, serving 293 students. The School, previously nested at the campus of Somerset Arts Conservatory, launched the 2014-15 school year in its own state of the art facility.

This past year, Somerset Oaks Academy students participated in various community service projects and fundraisers, including Scholastic Book Fair, Food Bank Drive, Food Trucks Event, Technology Fair and Toy Drives. Students also got to participate in clubs such as Student Council, Safety Patrol, National Elementary Honor Society, Lego Club, Soccer, Basketball and Dance, Acro.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Oaks is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. It is one of only a few public elementary schools in Miami-Dade County to be fully accredited by AdvancEd. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset Oaks places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research—based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$276,970. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$109,441. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$411,083 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2015, the School had no long term debt relating to capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 89,375	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,328	
Federal sources	125,000	128,000	128,264	
Lunch program	5,000	5,000	5,440	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	1,936,375	1,973,760	1,983,142	
Charges and other revenues		-	5,383	
Total Revenues	2,155,750	2,206,760	2,222,557	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			•	
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	952,000	1,007,000	1,003,344	
Instructional staff training	6,000	5,500	5,226	
Board	6,000	5,500	5,250	
School administration	420,000	425,000	424,514	
Fiscal services	40,121	45,000	44,100	
Food services	128,000	160,000	157,490	
Central services	62,000	62,000	61,313	
Operation of plant	304,375	315,000	313,355	
Maintenance of plant	36,000	36,000	35,663	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,954,496	\$ 2,061,000	\$ 2,050,255	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental activities		
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 205,873		
Accounts receivable, no allowance necessary	5,356		
Prepaid expenses	111,966		
Due from other agencies	13,463		
Deposits receivable	55,563		
·	392,221		
Capital assets, depreciable	539,260		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(128,177)		
	411,083		
Total Assets	803,304		
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and wages payable	108,651		
Accounts payable	6,600		
Total Liabilities	115,251		
Long-term payable to related party	350,000		
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>			
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	61,083		
Unrestricted	276,970		
Total Net Position	\$ 338,053		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenues							
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges f		Gr	perating ants and tributions	Gra	apital nts and ributions	a	et (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:									
Instruction	\$ 1,071,581	\$ -		\$	1,322	\$	-	\$	(1,070,259)
Instructional staff training	5,226				-		-		(5,226)
Board	5,250				-		-		(5,250)
School administration	424,514				-		-		(424,514)
Facilities acquisition	-		-		-		-		**
Fiscal services	44,100				-		-		(44,100)
Food services	157,490	5,440)		126,942		-		(25,108)
Central services	61,313	•			-		-		(61,313)
Operation of plant	322,389		-		-	. 1	00,328		(222,061)
Maintenance of plant	35,663	• .	_				-		(35,663)
Total governmental activities	2,127,526	5,440	<u> </u>		128,264	1	00,328		(1,893,494)
	General rever								1 000 1 40
	FTE nonspec								1,983,142
_	Interest and o	ther revenu	ŧ						5,383
	Change in ne	t position							95,031
	Net position,	beginning							243,022
	Net position,	ending						\$	338,053

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	Ge	General Fund		General Fund Special		Special	Total Governmen	
				enue Fund	GU	Funds		
		<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>		
<u>Assets</u>			•					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	205,873	\$	=	\$	205,873		
Accounts receivable		5,356		-		5,356		
Due from other agencies		-		13,463		13,463		
Due from fund		13,463		-		13,463		
Prepaid expenses		111,966		-		111,966		
Deposits receivable		55,563				55,563		
Total Assets		392,221		13,463		405,684		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
<u>Liabilities</u>				•				
Salaries and wages payable		108,651				108,651		
Accounts payable		6,600		-		6,600		
Due to fund		-		13,463		13,463		
Total Liabilities		115,251		13,463		128,714		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund balance								
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		167,529		-		167,529		
Unassigned		109,441		_		109,441		
- -		276,970				276,970		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	392,221	\$	13,463	\$	405,684		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended
June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance	e - Governmental Funds	\$	276,970
Amounts reported different because:	for governmental activities in the statement of net position are		
	Capital assets of \$539,260 net of accumulated depreciation of \$128,177 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		411,083
	Long-term debt are financial resources and are reported in the fund.		(350,000)
Total Net Position	- Governmental Activities	\$_	338,053

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended
June 30, 2015

	Can and Frank	Guaria!	Total
	General Fund	Special	I otal Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:		Revenue Fund	<u>runus</u>
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 100,328	\$ 100,328
State passed through local	1,983,142	Ψ 100,526	1,983,142
Federal sources	1,705,142	128,264	128,264
Lunch program	_	5,440	5,440
Charges and other revenue	5,383	-	5,383
	1.000.505	224.022	2 222 557
Total Revenues	1,988,525	234,032	2,222,557
Expenditures: Current			
Instruction	1 002 022	1,322	1,003,344
Board	1,002,022 5,250	1,322	5,250
Instructional staff training	5,226	-	5,236 5,226
School administration	424,514		424,514
Facilities acquisition	424,514	_	424,314
Fiscal services	44,100	_	44,100
Food services		157,490	157,490
Central services	61,313	137,430	61,313
Operation of plant	213,027	100,328	313,355
Maintenance of plant	35,663	100,520	35,663
Capital Outlay:	55,005		55,005
Other capital outlay	360,177	-	360,177
Total Expenditures	2,151,292	259,140	2,410,432
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(162,767)	(25,108)	(187,875)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	(25,108)	25,108	-
Long term loans from related party, net	350,000		350,000
Net change in fund balance	162,125	-	162,125
Fund Balance at beginning of year	114,845		114,845
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 276,970	\$ -	\$ 276,970

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 162,125

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$360,177 exceeded depreciation expense of \$77,271.

282,906

Increase in long term debt is an recourse in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such debt reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term debt of \$350,000 exceeded repayments of \$0 in the current period.

(350,000)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 95,031

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

Assets	Agency funds
Cash	\$ 1,210
Total Assets	1,210_
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	1,210
Total Liabilities	1,210
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>
Net Position	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Oaks Academy (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of eight members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2020 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charters expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Homestead, Florida for students from kindergarten through eighth grade and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2015, when approximately 293 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – School's internal funds accounts for resources of the school's Internal Fund which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student activities, class, and club activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from" other funds. Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	10-15 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> - all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Retirements	Balance 06/30/15
Capital Assets:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ -	\$ 14,390	\$ -	\$ 14,390
Computer equipment and software	12,034	_	12,034	-
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	167,049	357,821_		524,870
Total Capital Assets	\$ 179,083	\$ 372,211	\$ 12,034	\$ 539,260
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	-	_	-	-
Computer equipment and software	-	(940)	-	(940)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(50,906)	(76,331)		(127,237)
	(50,906)	(77,271)		(128,177)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 128,177	\$ 294,940	\$ 12,034	\$ 411,083

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 68,237
Operation of plant	 9,034
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 77,271

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2015, the bank balance of the School's deposits and investments was \$482,126; of which \$52,126 consisted of bank balances and \$430,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2015, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$52,126.

Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2015, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

Note 4 –Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred approximately \$132,300 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President & Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

Note 5 - Transactions with School District and Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. (the "Corporation") charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2015, the School paid \$29,450 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

During the 2015 and 2014 school years, the School received long term non-interest bearing advances from Somerset Academy, Inc. These advances are due within three years and are secured by the School's capital assets.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt to other charter schools for the year ended June 30, 2015

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	06/30/15
Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The School has entered into a lease agreement with Homestead Charter, LLC. Annual payments under this agreement are approximately \$220,000. The school shall pay the organization an amount of \$800 per student per annum, with a minimum annual guarantee of 275 students. The Initial Term of the lease is 5 years beginning on July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, 2019. The school shall have the option to renew the term of this agreement for five (5) additional terms of five (5) years each. Future minimum payments under the lease are as follows:

Year	
2016	234,400
2017	234,400
2018	234,400
2019	234,400

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2015, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$85,020.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

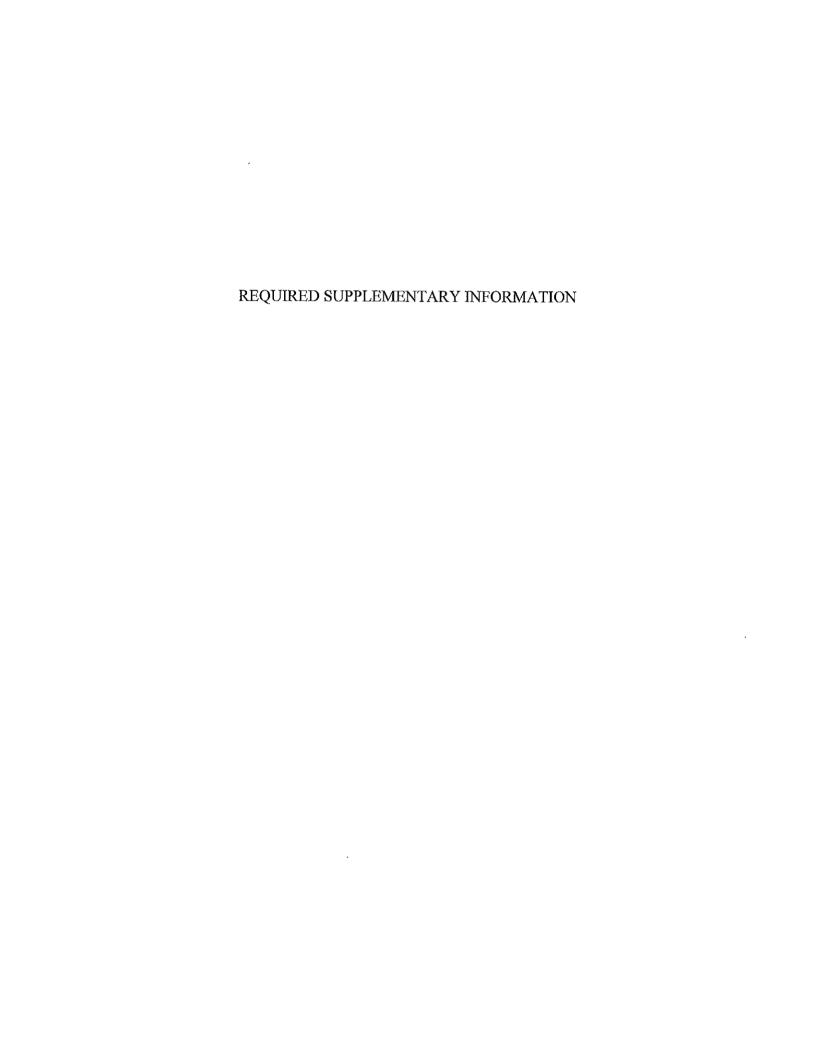
Note 8 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School provides a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc. covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP Total Source Retirement Savings Plan, the School will provide a match of 50% up to 4% of employee compensation. Contributions to the plan were \$4,473 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The school does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the plans' assets.

Note 9 – Subsequent Events

As of July 1, 2015, the School moved to utilizing a government money market mutual fund as an investment vehicle for it excess deposit funds. A government money market mutual fund invests exclusively in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. All balances held under the repurchase agreement as of June 30, 2015 have been moved to this new vehicle.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

			Ge	eneral Fund			
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	1,936,375	\$	1,973,760	\$	1,983,142	
Charges and other revenue				<u>-</u>		5,383	
Total Revenues		1,936,375		1,973,760		1,988,525	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		950,000		1,005,000		1,002,022	
Instructional Staff Training		6,000		5,500		5,226	
Board		6,000		5,500		5,250	
School Administration		420,000		425,000		424,514	
Fiscal Services		40,121		45,000		44,100	
Food Services		-		-		,	
Central Services		62,000		62,000		61,313	
Operation of Plant		215,000		215,000		213,027	
Maintenance of Plant		36,000		36,000		35,663	
Community Services		- -		_		,	
Total Current Expenditures		1,735,121		1,799,000		1,791,115	
Excess of Revenues					×		
Over Current Expenditures		201,254		174,760		197,410	
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		200,000		378,000		360,177	
Other Capital Outlay				<u> </u>			
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		200,000		378,000	-	360,177	
Total Expenditures		1,935,121		2,177,000		2,151,292	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,254		(203,240)		(162,767)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)		-		(29,000)		(25,108)	
Long term loans from related party		_		350,000			
Long term rouns from related party				330,000		350,000	
Net change in fund balance		1,254		117,760		162,125	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		114,845		114,845		114,845	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	116,099	\$	232,605	_\$_	276,970	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES			<u> </u>			
State capital outlay funding	\$	89,375	\$	100,000	\$	100,328
Federal sources		125,000		128,000		128,264
Lunch program		5,000		5,000		5,440
Total Revenues		219,375		233,000		234,032
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		2,000		2,000		1,322
Food services		128,000		160,000		157,490
Operation of Plant		89,375		100,000		100,328
Total Current Expenditures		219,375		262,000		259,140
Excess of Revenues		_		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Over Current Expenditures	·	-		(29,000)		(25,108)
Capital Outlay						_
Total Expenditures		219,375		262,000		259,140
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(29,000)		(25,108)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)				29,000		25,108
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$		\$		\$	·

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Oaks Academy Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Oaks Academy (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal controls. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of in a separate management letter pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General dated August 31, 2015.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB DunnillA

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Oaks Academy Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Oaks Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 31, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendation in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Somerset Oaks Academy.

Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Somerset Oaks Academy has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Oaks Academy did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

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Financial Condition (Continued)

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Oaks Academy. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Oaks Academy's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Oaks Academy maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Oaks Academy maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Dawi LEP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015