

## Mater Academy Lakes High School WL# 7018

(A Charter School under Mater Academy, Inc.)

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2019

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# Mater Academy Lakes High School W/L # 7018

17300 NW 87<sup>th</sup> Ave Miami, FL 33015

2018-2019

## **Board of Directors**

Cesar Christian Crousillant, Board Chair, Director Shannie Sadesky, Vice Chair, Director Idalia Suarez, Secretary, Director Javier Jerez, Student Alumni Representative, Director Maurene Sotero Balmaseda, Student Alumni Representative, Director

## **School Administration**

Rene Rovirosa, Principal

Other Non-voting Corporate Officers

Roberto Blanch, President



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Mater Academy Lakes High School Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mater Academy Lakes High School (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mater Academy Lakes High School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Mater Academy Lakes High School as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 30 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Mater Academy Lakes High School (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2019

The corporate officers of Mater Academy Lakes High School have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

## **Financial Highlights**

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2019 was \$7,698,930.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$4,506,428.
- 3. The net position of the School decreased by \$75,426 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$3,862,771.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide

financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,698,930 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 809,772	\$ 1,250,573
Investments	3,170,000	2,900,000
Due from Mater Academy Lakes Middle School, net	271,206	-
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	138,903	235,918
Due from other agencies	116,547	19,384
Due from Mater Academy, Inc., long term	1,450,364	1,450,364
Capital Assets, net	2,240,738	2,554,841
Total Assets	8,197,530	8,411,080
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	341,029	622,214
Accounts payable	157,571	14,510
Total Liabilities	498,600	636,724
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable	3,691,102	4,005,205
Unrestricted	4,007,828	3,769,151
Total Net Position	\$ 7,698,930	\$ 7,774,356

At the end of the fiscal year, the School can report continued positive balances in net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows.

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 235,221	\$ 256,550
Capital Outlay Funding	910,301	734,180
Federal Lunch Program	440,440	462,139
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	7,958,410	8,632,901
Other Revenues	90,228	358,191
Total Revenues	\$ 9,634,600	\$10,443,961
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 4,425,954	\$ 4,577,792
Student support services	103,681	259,736
Instructional staff training	19,050	16,251
Board	79,568	80,756
School administration	1,049,970	909,265
Facilities acquisition	83,750	83,750
Fiscal services	190,620	192,225
Food services	488,582	436,385
Central services	223,602	214,648
Operation of plant	2,818,738	2,631,794
Maintenance of plant	140,702	136,433
Administrative technology services	40,957	28,242
Community services	44,852	<u> </u>
Total Expenses	9,710,026	9,567,277
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(75,426)	876,684
Net Position at Beginning of Year	7,774,356	6,897,672
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 7,698,930	\$ 7,774,356

The School's revenues decreased by \$809,361 and expenses increased \$142,749. The School had an decrease in its net position of \$75,426 for the year.

#### **Accomplishments**

In 2019, Mater Academy Lakes High School completed its 13<sup>th</sup> year of operation, serving over 1,251 students in grades 9-12. The school earned a letter grade of "A" and continues to rank as a "High Performing School" under the State of Florida Accountability Program. Mater Lakes High School has also been recognized by several national organizations including U.S. News and World Report's ranking of "Best High Schools." Mater Lakes now ranks as a STEM designated school by M-DCPS, as they offer a wide variety of STEM programs and courses.

Mater Academy Lakes High School students accomplished numerous remarkable achievements, including but not limited to:

- 39 Seniors graduated with their Associate in Arts Degree from Miami-Dade College; they also wore a gold cord to signify graduating with MDC's highest honors.
- The Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA) Club won 61 medals at District competition, which then led to 64 students qualifying for the State Leadership Conference, over 20 students won trophies at the State competition which allowed them to qualify for the National Leadership conference in which Mater Academy Lakes High School placed 9<sup>th</sup> in the Nation.
- A Mater Academy Lakes High school senior was one of the only two high school seniors

- from Miami-Dade County that was chosen out of a group of 161 students nationwide as the 2019 U.S. Presidential Scholar in the Arts.
- Mater Lakes Wrestling Program made history at the FHSAA State Tournament, winning
  4<sup>th</sup> place team finish. Two Mater Academy Lakes High school students won their weight
  class championship matches for the first time in the history of the wrestling program. Both
  students received recognition for making it into All Dade.
- A team of 10<sup>th</sup> graders made it to the semi-finals at the VEX Robotics State Competition, making it their first year at State Competition.
- The Student Government Association (SGA) ranked gold at the Florida Association of Student Councils which hosts a state level convention every year in which schools from different districts get the chance to build upon student leadership, school activities, networking, and project competitions.
- The Boys Basketball Team won their 3<sup>rd</sup> consecutive District Championship.
- Mater Lakes Thespians performed at Miami Dade College as part of their fifth production in partnership; *Little Shop of Horrors*.
- The Boys Varsity Soccer Team won their first District Championship.
- Students at MLA received Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) training.
- Four High School students from the Swimming and Golf team made it to All Dade ranking.

As part of the Mater Academy network of high-quality charter schools, Mater Academy Lakes High School is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Govennmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$4,001,674. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$3,862,771. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

## **Continuous Capital Improvements & Lease of Facility**

The School leases a facility located at 17300 NW 87<sup>th</sup> Ave, Miami, FL 33015The School is currently in the permitting process for construction contracts in connection with building improvements of its leased facilities.

## **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$2,240,738 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building and improvements and furniture, equipment, and textbooks. As of June 30, 2019, the School had no long term payable related to leasehold improvements.

## **Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights**

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original Budget	2	
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 915,000	\$ 914,010	\$ 910,301
Federal sources	234,550	234,859	235,221
Lunch program	436,000	449,459	440,440
General Revenues			
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	7,982,700	7,957,264	7,958,410
Charges and other revenues	93,000	87,237	90,228
Total Revenues	\$ 9,661,250	\$ 9,642,829	\$ 9,634,600
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	\$ 4,249,945	\$ 4,188,124	\$ 4,174,851
Student support services	130,000	104,117	103,681
Instructional staff training	20,000	20,000	19,050
Board	83,500	81,404	79,568
School administration	949,655	1,047,093	1,044,743
Fiscal services	184,500	190,620	190,620
Food services	476,500	476,154	475,909
Central services	209,000	225,538	222,545
Operation of plant	2,865,929	2,724,859	2,720,328
Maintenance of plant	140,000	126,700	125,195
Administrative technology services	45,090	41,700	40,957
Community services	45,000	46,050	44,852
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 9,399,119	\$ 9,272,359	\$ 9,242,299

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from Mater Academy Lakes Middle School, net Prepaid expenses and other current assets Due from other agencies Total Current Assets	\$ 809,772 3,170,000 271,206 138,903 116,547 4,506,428
Capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable Less: accumulated depreciation	93,566 5,800,571 (3,653,399) 2,240,738
Due from Mater Academy, Inc.  Total Assets	1,450,364 8,197,530
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Accounts payable Total Liabilities	341,029 157,571 498,600
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets and long term receivable Unrestricted Total Net Position	3,691,102 4,007,828 \$ 7,698,930

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2019

## **Program Revenues**

		Program Revenues			
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:		-			
Instruction	\$ 4,425,954	\$ -	\$ 198,320	\$ -	\$ (4,227,634)
Student support services	103,681	-	-	-	(103,681)
Instructional staff training	19,050	=	-	-	(19,050)
Board	79,568	=	-	-	(79,568)
School administration	1,049,970	=	-	-	(1,049,970)
Facilities acquisition	83,750	-	-	-	(83,750)
Fiscal services	190,620	-	-	-	(190,620)
Food services	488,582	30,487	409,953	-	(48,142)
Central services	223,602	-	-	-	(223,602)
Operation of plant	2,818,738	-	-	910,301	(1,908,437)
Maintenance of plant	140,702	-	36,901	-	(103,801)
Administrative technology services	40,957	-	-	-	(40,957)
Community services	44,852				(44,852)
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	9,710,026	30,487	645,174	910,301	(8,124,064)
	General rever	nues:			
	FTE and othe	r nonspecific 1	revenues		7,958,410
	Investment ea	arnings			68,408
	Other revenue	es			21,820
	Change in net	t position			(75,426)
	Net position,	beginning			7,774,356
	Net position,	ending			\$ 7,698,930

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund (Non-Major)	Total Governmental Funds
			(Tron major)	- Tanas
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 803,618	\$ 6,154	\$ -	\$ 809,772
Investments	3,170,000	-	-	3,170,000
Due from other agencies	-	69,362	47,185	116,547
Due from fund	116,547	-	-	116,547
Due from Mater Academy Lakes Middle School, net	271,206	-	-	271,206
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	138,903	-	-	138,903
Total Assets	4,500,274	75,516	47,185	4,622,975
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	-	-	-	-
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	341,029	-	-	341,029
Accounts payable	157,571	-	-	157,571
Due to fund		69,362	47,185	116,547
Total Liabilities	498,600	69,362	47,185	615,147
		•		
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	138,903	-	-	138,903
Assigned	-	6,154	-	6,154
Unassigned	3,862,771			3,862,771
	4,001,674	6,154		4,007,828
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$4,500,274	\$ 75,516	\$ 47,185	\$ 4,622,975
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,007,828

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$5,800,571 net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,653,399 and non-depreciable capital assets of \$93,566 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

2,240,738

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,450,364

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 7,698,930

	General Fund	Special Revenu Fund	Capital Projects Fund (Non-Major)	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$	- \$ 910,301	\$ 910,301
State passed through local	7,958,410			7,958,410
Federal sources	-	235,221		235,221
Lunch program	-	440,440	-	440,440
Other revenues	90,228		<u> </u>	90,228
Total Revenues	8,048,638	675,661	910,301	9,634,600
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	3,989,399	185,452	-	4,174,851
Student support services	103,681			103,681
Board	79,568			79,568
Instructional staff training	19,050			19,050
School administration	1,040,135	4,608	-	1,044,743
Fiscal services	190,620			190,620
Food services	-	475,909	-	475,909
Central services	222,545			222,545
Operation of plant	1,810,027		- 910,301	2,720,328
Maintenance of plant	125,195			125,195
Administrative technology services	40,957			40,957
Community services	44,852			44,852
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	153,624			153,624
Total Expenditures	7,819,653	665,969	910,301	9,395,923
Excess of revenues over expenditures	228,985	9,692	_	238,677
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	45,161	(45,16)	1)	_
Tunsiers in (out)	43,101	(43,10)		
Net change in fund balance	274,146	(35,469	9) -	238,677
Fund Balance at beginning of year	3,727,528	41,623		3,769,151
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 4,001,674	\$ 6,154	1_\$-	\$ 4,007,828

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 238,677

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlays of \$153,624 differed from depreciation expense of \$467,727.

(314,103)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (75,426)

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash Total Assets	\$ 167,959 167,959
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<u>-</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs Total Liabilities	167,959 167,959
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Net Position	\$ -

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

Mater Academy Lakes High School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2031 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida serving children from ninth through twelfth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2019, when on average 1,266 students were enrolled for the school year.

## Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

*General Fund* - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Special Revenue Fund* – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal school lunch program and other federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Additionally, the School reports separately the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Fund – accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

## Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the school's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application (See Note 2).

## **Inter-fund Transfers**

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

## Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	5-20 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3-5 Years
Textbooks and Software	3 Years

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

#### **Revenue Sources**

Revenues for current operations are received from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Revenue Sources (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

## Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables- consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and long term receivables reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets and long term receivables."

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances are related to the lunch program.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

#### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First, Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then, restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then, any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

## Long –Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

#### Income Taxes

Mater Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Subsequent Events**

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 10, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## **Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in three financial institutions. As of June 30, 2019, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$707,833.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2019, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$949,319; including fiduciary account bank balances.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$3,390,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of July 31, 2019, the fund's annual report, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 81% within 30 days.

#### Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

## Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

## **Note 3 – Capital Assets**

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance 07/01/18	Additions Reclassifications		Balance 06/30/19
Capital Assets, non depreciable:				
Construction in progress	\$ 154,535	\$ -	\$ (60,969)	\$ 93,566
	\$ 154,535	\$ -	\$ (60,969)	\$ 93,566
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,704,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,704,886
Computer equipment and software	453,071	56,285	-	509,356
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	2,410,021	184,308	(26,000)	2,568,329
Motor Vehicles	18,000	-	-	18,000
Total Capital Assets	\$ 5,740,513	\$ 240,593	\$ (86,969)	\$ 5,894,137
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	(964,667)	(135,985)	-	(1,100,652)
Computer equipment and software	(353,417)	(62,280)	-	(415,697)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(1,864,288)	(269,462)	-	(2,133,750)
Motor Vehicles	(3,300)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(3,300)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,185,672)	(467,727)	-	(3,653,399)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,554,841	\$ (227,134)	\$ (86,969)	\$ 2,240,738

## **Note 3 – Capital Assets (continued)**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 251,103
School administration	5,227
Facilities acquisition	83,750
Food services	12,673
Central services	1,057
Operation of plant	98,410
Maintenance of plant	15,507
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 467,727

#### Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting, financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School paid approximately \$569,700 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

## Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

The School's facility is shared with Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (charter schools under Mater Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff. In addition, the School's student activities account includes the accounts of Mater Lakes Middle School. As of June 30, 2019, the School had a net due from Mater Lakes Middle School of \$271,206 related to these allocations. In addition, during the year the School received approximately \$208,000 in shared expenses from Mater Lakes Middle School.

## **Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc. (continued)**

Mater Academy, Inc. charged all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Mater Academy Lakes High School paid Mater Academy, Inc. \$253,200 in connection with these charges during the year.

The School made long-term, non-interest bearing advances to Mater Academy, Inc. for site development. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivables for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/18	Additions	Deletions	06/30/19
Due from Mater Academy, Inc.	\$1,450,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,450,364
Total	\$1,450,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,450,364

Finally, the School paid \$65,725 to Mater Virtual Academy, for educational products and administrative and technology services.

#### Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

On October 9, 2009, the School entered into a lease and security agreement, as amended, with Galloway Lake, LLC. The agreement is based on 55,731 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas, and other improvements. The landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (See Note 4). This facility is shared with Mater Academy Lakes Middle School (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.).

Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement were approximately \$1,444,218 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2035 with an option to renew for two additional five-year terms. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

On March 22, 2013, Mater Academy, Inc. entered into phase III of the lease with Galloway Lake II, LLC as landlord. This lease is for a new building facility totaling 42,209 square feet and is shared by Mater Lakes Middle school and Mater Lakes High School. Initial fixed rent under this agreement shall be approximately \$995,621. The initial fixed rent shall be adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance.

## **Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)**

Lease payments are allocated between the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2019, was approximately 60% for Mater Academy Lakes High School and 40% for Mater Academy Lakes Middle School.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 rent expense totaled \$1,672,103.

Future minimum payments for the full lease, (to be shared with Mater Academy Lakes Middle School) are approximately as follows:

Year		
2020	\$ 2,559,000	
2021	2,559,000	
2022	2,559,000	
2023	2,559,000	
2024	2,559,000	
2025-2029	12,795,000	(Total for five year period)
2030-2034	12,795,000	(Total for five year period)
2035	 2,559,000	_
	\$ 40,944,000	- -

## **Contingencies and Concentrations**

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the State through the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs.

## Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2019, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$77,372.

## Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

#### **Note 8 - Interfund Transfers and Balances**

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2019 consists of the following:

Reimbursement from Federal Grant for prior period expenditures Total Transfers, net  Due from/(Due to) fund balances are as follows:	General Fund  \$ 45,161  \$ 45,161	Fund \$ (45,161) \$ (45,161)	Projects Fund \$ - \$ -
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	General Fund \$ 47,185	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund \$ (47,185)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Title IV	32,461	(32,461)	-
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Resart Grant	36,901	(36,901)	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$ 116,547	\$ (69,362)	\$ (47,185)

Capital

Special

## **Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan**

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$69,293 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual				
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$ 7,982,700	\$ 7,957,264	\$ 7,958,410				
Other revenues	93,000	87,237	90,228				
Total Revenues	8,075,700	8,044,501	8,048,638				
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	4,063,945	4,002,624	3,989,399				
Student support services	130,000	104,117	103,681				
Instructional Staff Training	20,000	20,000	19,050				
Board	83,500	81,404	79,568				
School Administration	944,655	1,042,243	1,040,135				
Fiscal Services	184,500	190,620	190,620				
Central Services	209,000	225,538	222,545				
Operation of Plant	1,950,929	1,810,849	1,810,027				
Maintenance of Plant	140,000	126,700	125,195				
Administrative technology services	45,090	41,700	40,957				
Community services	45,000	46,050	44,852				
Total Current Expenditures	7,816,619	7,691,845	7,666,029				
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures	259,081	352,656	382,609				
Capital Outlay	160,000	155,000	153,624				
Total Expenditures	7,976,619	7,846,845	7,819,653				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	99,081	197,656	228,985				
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)	3,050	17,814	45,161				
Net change in fund balance	102,131	215,470	274,146				
Fund Balance at beginning of year	3,727,528	3,727,528	3,727,528				
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 3,829,659	\$ 3,942,998	\$ 4,001,674				

## Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Fund				
	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	234,550	\$	234,859	\$	235,221
Lunch Program		436,000		449,459		440,440
Total Revenues		670,550		684,318		675,661
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		186,000		185,500		185,452
School administration		5,000		4,850		4,608
Food services		476,500		476,154		475,909
Total Current Expenditures		667,500		666,504		665,969
Excess of Revenues	<u> </u>				•	
Over Current Expenditures		3,050		17,814		9,692
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		667,500		666,504		665,969
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		3,050		17,814		9,692
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)		(3,050)		(17,814)		(45,161)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(35,469)
Fund Balance at beginning of year						41,623
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,154

## Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Mater Academy Lakes High School Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mater Academy Lakes High School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that were reported in a separate management letter dated September 10, 2019 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Mater Academy Lakes High School Miami, Florida

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Mater Academy Lakes High School as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

## **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 10, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

## **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings in the preceding annual financial report.

#### **Official Title**

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Mater Academy Lakes High School, 7018.

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## **Financial Condition and Management**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Mater Academy Lakes High School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Academy Lakes High School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Mater Academy Lakes High School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Mater Academy Lakes High School financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendations:

#### ML – 19-01 CAPITAL ASSETS

Criteria: The School is required to maintain an inventory of capital assets purchased with

public funds in accordance with local, state or federal regulations.

Condition: We noted that the School does not have a formal process for reconciling the

capital assets inventory report to the capital assets of the Schools trial balance.

Cause: The condition results from school personnel not consistently performing an

inventory of all fixed assets and reconciling to the Schools trial balance.

Effect: Failure to perform the procedures mentioned above could result in a misstated

annual Property Inventory.

Recom-

mendation: We recommend that the School perform an annual inventory of all capital assets

and reconcile to the capital asset ledgers recorded on the School's books.

Views of Responsible

Officials: Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. The ESSP is assisting the

Schools with identifying the proper support to ensure schools are in full

compliance with inventory requirements.

#### **Transparency**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Mater Academy Lakes High School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Academy Lakes High School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

## **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 10, 2019