DOWNTOWN DORAL CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS THEREON

JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Auditors on Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18-36
Other Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	37-38
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	39-40
Additional Information Required by Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, Audits of Charter Schools and Similar Entities, The Florida Virtual School, and Virtual Instruction Program Providers:	
Management Letter	41-43

Sotolongo & Associates, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Report of Independent Auditors on Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

To the Board of Directors of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. Doral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. (the "School"), a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule on pages 3–11, and 37–38, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

hotolongo & Associates, S.A.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2019, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Miami, Florida

September 10, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the annual financial report of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. (the "School") presents Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is intended to provide an overview of the School's financial position and changes in financial position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Since the focus of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is on the current year activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the School's financial statements, including the accompanying notes.

THE SCHOOL

The School is a multicultural, multilingual elementary school which served 950 students during the 2018-2019 school year in grades kindergarten through fifth. The School offers a preschool program, as well as before school and after school care services. The School is located on the southeast corner of 84th Avenue and 53rd Street, Doral, Florida.

The School offers a dual language curriculum, which aims to prepare students to excel in a complex global society. Students have a choice of two tracks: Spanish or Portuguese. In addition, math, science and social studies are also taught in both English and the selected foreign language. For the 2019-2020 school year, the School's enrollment was at full capacity for grades kindergarten through fifth, as well as the preschool.

The School has various significant documents and agreements that have financial impact, which are summarized below:

<u>Charter Agreement</u>

In June 2014, the School entered into a Charter School Contract (the "Charter") by and between the School and the School Board of Miami-Dade County (the "School Board"). The term of the Charter runs from the first day of school, which was the 2015-2016 school year through June 30, 2020, and may be renewed for additional five-year terms at the sole discretion of the School Board.

Series 2014 Bonds

In August 2014, the Florida Development Finance Corporation Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A, were issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$21,505,000 (the "Series 2014A Bonds"), and the Florida Development Finance Corporation Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$320,000 (the "Series 2014B Bonds" and together with the Series 2014A Bonds, referred to as the "Series 2014 Bonds") were issued.

The proceeds of the Series 2014 Bonds were loaned by the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Issuer") to the School, and were used by the School (i) to acquire, construct, and equip certain charter school facility (the "Facility"), which is located on land subject to a Ground Lease (described below) with the School Board and improvements thereto (collectively, the "Project") and to prepay the rent under the Ground Lease for the entire initial term thereof, (ii) to fund a Debt Service Reserve Fund for the Series 2014 Bonds, (iii) to fund capitalized interest with respect to the Series 2014 Bonds through September 1, 2016, and (iv) to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds. The Bonds were issued pursuant to a certain Indenture of Trust dated as of August 1, 2014, by and between the Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"). See additional information regarding the Series 2014 Bonds in Note 6 to the financial statements.

In connection with the Series 2014 Bonds, the School entered into a Loan Agreement (the "Series 2014 Loan Agreement"), dated as of August 1, 2014, pursuant to which the Issuer loaned the proceeds of the Series 2014 Bonds to the School. The School's payment of principal and interest is being used to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2014 Bonds. The obligations of the School under the Loan Agreement are secured by (i) a mortgage interest in the Facilities (which mortgage consists of a leasehold mortgage interest in the Ground Lease and school facilities pursuant to the Loan Agreement), (ii) an assignment of and security interest in certain School revenues, and (iii) a security interest in all other assets of the School related to the Project, excluding property prohibited by law from being pledged as security because it has been purchased or refinanced with federal or state grant funds.

Ground Lease Agreement

Pursuant to a Ground Lease Agreement, dated as of October 30, 2013 (the "Ground Lease"), the School leased certain land from the School Board, which was used for the development and construction of the Project. See additional information pertaining to the Ground Lease and amendments thereto in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Management Agreement

In July 2014, the School entered into a Management Agreement with the School Board that provides for operational, management and administrative services to the School. See additional information in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Series 2017 Bonds

On August 1, 2017, the Florida Development Finance Corporation Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,005,000 (the "Series 2017A Bonds"), and the Florida Development Finance Corporation Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$295,000 (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Series 2017 Bonds") were issued. The proceeds of the Series 2017 Bonds were loaned by the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Issuer") to the School, and are to be used by the School (i) to acquire, construct, and equip an expansion (the "Expansion") of the School (ii) to fund an increase in the size of the existing Debt Service Reserve necessitated by the issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds, (iii) to fund capitalized interest with respect to the Series 2017 Bonds through July 1, 2018, and (iv) to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds. The Bonds were issued pursuant to a certain Indenture of Trust dated as of August 1, 2014, by and between the Issuer and the Trustee, as amended and supplemented by a Series 2017 Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated August 1, 2017, by and between the Issuer and the Trustee.

In connection with the Series 2017 Bonds, the School entered into a Loan Agreement (the "2017 Loan Agreement"), dated as of August 1, 2017, pursuant to which the issuer loaned the proceeds of the Series 2017 Bonds to the School. The School's payment of principal and interest will be used to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2017 Bonds. In order to secure the payment of the Series 2017 Bonds, the Issuer assigned all of its rights and interest in the 2017 Loan Agreement to the "Trustee" pursuant to an assignment contained in the Indenture of Trust. The obligations of the School under the 2017 Loan Agreement will be secured by (i) the original mortgage interest in the Facilities, which secured the Series 2014 Bonds, (ii) an assignment of and security interest in certain pledged revenues, (iii) a security interest in a certain School deposit account, and (iv) a security interest in all other assets of the School related to the Series 2017 Facilities, as defined in the 2017 Loan Agreement.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2019, the School had total assets of approximately \$26,958,000.
- At June 30, 2019, the School had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$2,735,619.
- At June 30, 2019, the School had net capital assets of approximately \$16,937,000.
- At June 30, 2019, the School had total liabilities of \$30,399,680, of which \$28,605,000 are due in more than one year
- For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School had total revenue of \$9,102,273.
- For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School had an increase in its net position of \$26.859.
- At June 30, 2019, total net position was a deficit of \$3,441,225.
- For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School had an increase in its general fund balance of \$508,166.
- For the year ended June 30, 2019, the total increase in net changes in fund balances was \$380.347.
- At June 30, 2019, the total combined governmental funds balance was \$8,746,827.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), and the basic financial statements and the notes thereto. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds financial statements tell how general school services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

This document also includes the independent auditors' report on compliance and internal control required by *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as the management letter required by the Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, *Audits of Charter Schools and Similar Entities*, *The Florida Virtual School*, *and Virtual Instruction Program Providers*.

The following table summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Government-wide Statements	Fund Statements Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire School	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets/deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the School's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the School's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the School's financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial condition is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the School, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the School's projected student base.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities most of the School's basic services are included here, such as instruction and school administration.
- Business-type activities in certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no major businesstype activities.
- Component units there currently are no component units included within the reporting entity
 of the School.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts which the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law, and the School may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as for federal grants.

The School has the following types of funds:

- General Fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund accounts for specific revenue, such as federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School did not use a special revenue fund.
- Capital Projects Fund to account for the financial resources accumulated that are restricted for capital outlays.
- Debt Service Reserve Fund to account for the financial resources accumulated for the purpose of servicing and setting aside reserves for payments related to principal and interest.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The following table provides the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Amount Increase

	2019	2018	(Doorooo)
Cook and cook aguivalents			(Decrease)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,735,619	\$ 2,504,364	\$ 231,255
Due from Downtown Doral Charter Upper School	92,874	22,495	70,379
Receivable - capital outlay	43,599	14,231	29,368
Prepaid expenses	206,036	116,493	89,543
Inventories	31,320	110,159	(78,839)
Note receivable - DDCUS	605,113	-	605,113
Restricted investments - Trustee	6,306,946	7,186,573	(879,627)
Capital Assets	16,936,948	17,290,436	(353,488)
Total assets	26,958,455	27,244,751	(286,296)
Salaries payable and other accrued liabilities	350,783	507,748	(156,965)
Retainage payable	-	144,942	(144,942)
Interest payable	872,813	872,813	-
Unearned revenue	51,084	62,332	(11,248)
Long-term liabilities	29,125,000	29,125,000	
Total liabilities	30,399,680	30,712,835	(313,155)
Net position (deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	(7,766,092)	(5,877,591)	(1,888,501)
Restricted by bond covenants	1,012,173	211,845	800,328
Unrestricted	3,312,694	2,197,662	1,115,032
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (3,441,225)	\$ (3,468,084)	\$ 26,859

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the increase in cash and cash equivalents was a result of general fund activities providing cash flow. The School's restricted investments decreased as a result of transfers out of the capital projects fund to the general fund and payments of interest on the bonds payable. Capital assets decreased as depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures. The decrease in salaries payable and other accrued liabilities was primarily the result of paying the management and information technology fees due to the School Board of Miami Dade County during the year instead of after the end of the year. The retainage due at June 30, 2018, associated with the construction of facilities was also paid during the year. See additional information related to capital assets and long-term liabilities in Notes 3 and 6 to the financial statements, respectively.

Change in Net Position

The following table summarizes the changes in the School's net position from its activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Governmental Activities Revenues:		2019		2018		Amount Increase Decrease)
State sources	\$	7,125,468	\$	5,938,171		1,187,297
Charter school capital outlay	Φ	462,827	Φ	228,352	Φ	234,475
Preschool and after school care		1,366,364		1,118,984		234,475
Contributions and grants		14,004		1,110,904		-
g .		•		•		12,385
Other		133,610		77,935		55,675
Total revenues		9,102,273		7,365,061		1,737,212
Expenses:						
Instruction		4,073,870		3,288,612		785,258
Instructional support		205,035		102,825		102,210
Instructional media		3,203		4,097		(894)
Professional development		1,020		4,244		(3,224)
Instruction related technology		81,455		75,448		6,007
Board		36,475		30,106		6,369
General administration		314,317		329,273		(14,956)
School administration		982,890		689,952		292,938
Fiscal services		139,359		96,272		43,087
Central services		480		1,633		(1,153)
Student transportation services		-		2,852		(2,852)
Operation and maintenance of plant		760,155		523,388		236,767
Community services		288,362		199,068		89,294
Debt issuance costs and trustee fees		20,585		329,167		(308,582)
Interest on long-term debt		1,745,626		1,714,741		30,885
Preschool - instruction and other		422,582		300,063		122,519
Total expenses		9,075,414		7,691,741		1,383,673
Change in net position	\$	26,859	\$	(326,680)	\$	353,539

For the year ended June 30, 2019, increases in revenues and expenses resulted primarily because for the school year 2018-2019 the School increased overall enrollment. Instruction expenses increased primarily due to additional faculty, textbooks, and other expenses needed for the increased enrollment. School administration expenses increased primarily as a result of additional payroll related expenses. Operation and maintenance of plant expenses increased primarily due to additional personnel costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Financial information is presented separately in the Balance Sheet and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

At June 30, 2019, the School had a combined fund balance of \$8,746,827. The total combined fund balance was greater than the government wide net position, primarily because the total of the debt proceeds from the Series 2014 and Series 2017 Bonds and related party promissory note described in Note 6 to the financial statements have exceeded the total expenditures to date pertaining to the capital assets, interest, principal retirement, debt issuance costs and other general and administrative expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2019, combined net changes in fund balance was an increase of \$380,347, which was primarily the result of the governmental fund revenues exceeding expenditures for current activities, debt service, and capital outlay. The General Fund had a fund balance of \$3,888,241, which increased during the year by \$508,166 primarily as a result of general fund revenue and transfers from the Capital Projects Fund exceeding current general fund expenditures and transfers out for debt service. The Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$1,018,438, which decreased by \$390,741 primarily as a result of expenditures for capital outlay and transfers for debt service exceeding capital outlay revenue and investment income. The Debt Service Fund had a fund balance of \$3,840,148, which increased by \$262,922 primarily as a result of transfers from the general fund and investment income exceeding interest payments on long-term debt. At June 30, 2019, the fund balances of the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund are restricted in use pursuant to certain requirements related to the Series 2014 and Series 2017 Bonds.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School's actual general fund revenues were below the final budget by approximately \$229,000, primarily as a result of the actual general fund revenue not including capital outlay revenue, which is included in the capital outlay fund for financial reporting purposes. General fund expenditures were below the final budget by approximately \$2,112,000, primarily as a result of actual debt service expenditures being included in the debt service fund for financial reporting purposes. The other items in the budget were within management variance expectations.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2019, the School had capital assets with a balance of \$16,936,948, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School completed the Expansion (described above), which increased the size of its facilities to provide additional classroom space and accommodation for its students. More detailed information about the School's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

At June 30, 2019, the School had \$29,125,000 in long-term liabilities outstanding. For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no scheduled principal reductions for long-term debt. More detailed information about the School's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

SCHOOL YEAR 2019-2020

For the 2019-2020 school year, the School's original budget reflects the combined government fund revenues to be \$9,893,893 Budgeted combined government fund expenditures are expected to be \$9,452,659. The budget reflects an increase in combined government fund balances of \$441,234.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. Should additional information be required, please contact the School's administrative offices at 8390 NW 53rd Street, Doral, Florida 33166.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

			Go	overnmental Activities
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Due from Downtown Doral Charter Upper School Receivable - capital outlay Prepaid expenses Inventories Note receivable - DDCUS Restricted investments - Trustee			\$	2,735,619 92,874 43,599 206,036 31,320 605,113 6,306,946
Capital Assets: Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Technology equipment Prepaid ground lease Total capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Capital assets, net		13,727,287 515,269 740,068 4,519,753 19,502,377 (2,565,429)		16,936,948
Total assets			\$	26,958,455
LIABILITIES				
Salaries payable and other accrued liabilities Interest payable Unearned revenue			\$	350,783 872,813 51,084
Long-term debt: Due within one year: Bonds payable Due in more than one year: Promissory note - Related Party Bonds payable Total long-term debt	\$	520,000 1,000,000 27,605,000	-	29,125,000
Total liabilities				30,399,680
NET POSITION (DEFICIT	Γ)			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted by bond covenants Unrestricted				(7,766,092) 1,012,173 3,312,694
Total net position (deficit)				(3,441,225)
Total liabilities and net position			\$	26,958,455

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Net (Expense) Revenue and			
			Program Revenue	s	Changes in Net position		
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental		
Governmental activities:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Total	
Instruction	\$ 4,073,870	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,073,870)	\$ (4,073,870)	
Instructional support	205,035	<u>-</u>	· -	· -	(205,035)	(205,035)	
Instructional media	3,203	_	_	_	(3,203)	(3,203)	
Professional development	1,020	_	_	_	(1,020)	(1,020)	
Instruction related technology	81,455	_	_	_	(81,455)	(81,455)	
Board	36,475	_	_	_	(36,475)	(36,475)	
General administration	314,317	_	_	_	(314,317)	(314,317)	
School administration	982,890	_	_	_	(982,890)	(982,890)	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	_	_	462,827	462,827	462,827	
Fiscal services	139,359	_	_	-	(139,359)	(139,359)	
Central services	480	_	_	-	(480)	(480)	
Operation and maintenance of plant	760,155	_	_	-	(760,155)	(760,155)	
Community services	288,362	582,993	-	-	294,631	294,631	
Debt issuance costs and trustee fees	20,585	-	_	-	(20,585)	(20,585)	
Interest on long-term debt	1,745,626	_	_	-	(1,745,626)	(1,745,626)	
Preschool - instruction and other	422,582	783,371			360,789	360,789	
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,075,414	\$ 1,366,364	<u> </u>	\$ 462,827	(7,246,223)	(7,246,223)	
			General revenues				
			State sources	•	7,125,468	7,125,468	
			Contributions an	d grants	14,004	14,004	
			Other	d grants	133,610	133,610	
			Total general r	revenues	7,273,082	7,273,082	
			=				
			Change in no	•	26,859	26,859	
			Net position at beg	girining or year	(3,468,084)	(3,468,084)	
			Net position at end	d of year	\$ (3,441,225)	\$ (3,441,225)	
 -							

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Capital			Total		
	General		Projects		Debt Service		Governmental		
	Fun	d	Fund		Fund			Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents		5,619	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,735,619	
Due from Downtown Doral Charter Upper School	9	2,874		-		-		92,874	
Receivable - capital outlay		-		43,599		-		43,599	
Prepaid expenses		6,036		-		-		206,036	
Inventories		1,320		-		-		31,320	
Note receivable - DDCUS		5,113		-		-		605,113	
Restricted investments - Trustee		7,380		1,226,605		4,712,961		6,306,946	
Due from Capital Projects Fund	25	1,766		-				251,766	
Total assets	\$ 4,29	0,108	\$	1,270,204	\$	4,712,961	\$	10,273,273	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
Salaries payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 35	0,783	\$	-	\$	-	\$	350,783	
Interest payable		-		-		872,813		872,813	
Due to General Fund		-		251,766		-		251,766	
Unearned revenue	5	1,084						51,084	
		4.007		054 700		070.040		4 500 440	
Total liabilities	40	1,867		251,766		872,813		1,526,446	
Fund balance:									
Nonspendable	84	2,469		-		-		842,469	
Restricted	36	7,380		1,018,438		3,840,148		5,225,966	
Committed	1,03	1,844		_		_		1,031,844	
Unassigned	1,64	6,548		-		-		1,646,548	
Total fund balance	3,88	8,241		1,018,438		3,840,148		8,746,827	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,29	0,108	\$	1,270,204	\$	4,712,961	\$	10,273,273	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 8,746,827

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:

Leasehold improvements	\$ 13,727,287
Furniture and equipment	515,269
Technology equipment	740,068
Prepaid ground lease	 4,519,753
Total capital assets	 19,502,377
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (2,565,429)
Constal accepts most	

Capital assets, net 16,936,948

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bonds payable	(28,125,000)
Promissory note - Related Party	(1,000,000)

(29,125,000)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ (3,441,225)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Debt Serv		Debt Service Fund	Total e Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
State sources	\$ 7,125,468	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,125,468
Charter school capital outlay	-		462,827		-		462,827
Preschool and after school care	1,366,364		-		-		1,366,364
Contributions and grants	14,004		-		-		14,004
Other	 40,655	_	24,073	_	68,882	_	133,610
Total revenues	 8,546,491	_	486,900		68,882		9,102,273
EXPENDITURES							
Current:	0.454.700						0 454 700
Instruction	3,451,786		-		-		3,451,786
Instructional support	205,035		-		-		205,035
Instructional media	3,203		-		-		3,203
Professional development	1,020		-		-		1,020
Instruction related technology	81,455		-		-		81,455
Board	36,475		-		-		36,475
General administration	314,317		-		-		314,317
School administration	827,369		-		-		827,369
Fiscal services	139,359		-		-		139,359
Central services	480		-		-		480
Operation and maintenance of plant	760,155		-		-		760,155
Community services	288,362		-		-		288,362
Preschool - instruction and other	422,582		-		-		422,582
Debt service							
Debt issuance costs and trustee fees	20,585		-		-		20,585
Interest on long-term debt	-		-		1,745,626		1,745,626
Capital outlay							
Facilities, construction, technology,							
furniture and equipment	 24,548	_	399,569				424,117
Total expenditures	 6,576,731		399,569		1,745,626		8,721,926
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	1,969,760		87,331		(1,676,744)		380,347
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in	515,589		-		1,977,183		2,492,772
Transfers out	 (1,977,183)		(478,072)		(37,517)		(2,492,772)
Net changes in fund balances	508,166		(390,741)		262,922		380,347
<u> </u>	•		, , ,		,		•
Fund balance at beginning of year	 3,380,075		1,409,179		3,577,226		8,366,480
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,888,241	\$	1,018,438	\$	3,840,148	\$	8,746,827

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 380,347

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlay is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement o activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization.

The amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlays is calculated as follows:

Total capital outlays 424,117 Depreciation and amortization (777,605)

(353,488)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 26,859

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. (the "School") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School was organized in November 2012, and its general operating authority is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation's Board of Directors. The School's mission is to provide its students with a comprehensive dual curriculum and bicultural/bilingual education through language acquisition and innovative programs, facilitated by a highly qualified staff promoting students' academic excellence creating future world leaders.

The School is a multicultural, multilingual elementary school serving grades kindergarten through fifth. For the 2018-2019 school year, the School served 950 students. The School also offers a preschool program and before school and after school care services. The School is located on the southeast corner of 84th Avenue and 53rd Street, Doral, Florida.

In June 2014, the School entered into a Charter School Contract (the "Charter") by and between the School and the School Board of Miami-Dade County (the "School Board"). The term of the Charter runs from the first day of school in the 2015-2016 school year through June 30, 2020, and may be renewed for additional five-year terms at the sole discretion of the School Board. During the term of the Charter, the School Board may also terminate the Charter if good cause is shown. In the event of termination of the Charter, any property purchased by the School with public funds and any unencumbered public funds revert back to the School Board. The School is sponsored by the School Board and is considered to be a governmental entity under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's ("GASB") accounting guidance; therefore, for financial reporting purposes, the School follows generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governmental units.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

Recent accounting pronouncements

The School has adopted guidance issued by the GASB that established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which an entity is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. This guidance improves the usefulness of fund balance information by clarifying the definitions of existing governmental fund types and providing additional classifications of fund balance. The School has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. In accordance with GASB Statement 63, the Statement of Net Assets has been replaced with the Statement of Net Position. Items on the Statement of Net Position are now classified into Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

Basis of presentation

The School's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the GASB. Accordingly, both government-wide and fund financial statements are presented.

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements report all activities of the School and its component units, and do not include fiduciary funds. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. The statement of net position includes all of the School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include capital grants specific to capital outlay and charges to recipients for goods and services associated with programs. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School. The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities most of the School's basic services are included here.
- Business-type activities in certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no major business-type activities.
- Component units there currently are no component units included within the reporting entity of the School.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is an accounting entity having a self-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

balancing set of accounts for recording assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources and uses. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds in the financial statements of this report are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

- <u>General Fund</u> to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Fund to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal grants that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School did not have a special revenue fund.
- <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> to account for the financial resources accumulated that are restricted for capital outlays.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> to account for the financial resources accumulated for the purpose of servicing and setting aside reserves for payments related to principal and interest.

For purposes of these statements, the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund constitute major funds.

Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and an economic resources focus. Revenues and expenses are recognized when they occur.

The modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources focus is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. The principal exceptions to this general rule are: (1) interest on general long-term debt is generally recognized when due and (2) expenditures related to liabilities reported as general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Use of estimates

In preparing the financial statements, Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as of the date of the statement of net position and affect revenues and expenditures for the year presented. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Budgetary basis accounting

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries and purchased services).

Deposits and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/saving accounts.

Restricted Investments - Trustee

At June 30, 2019, the School had restricted investments held in trust accounts. The restrictions are the result of the establishment of certain accounts pursuant to the Indenture of Trust agreement, with a financial institution that serves as "Trustee." As of June 30, 2019, the accounts established had been the Project Fund, to pay costs of project construction and other capital outlay; a Debt Service Reserve Fund account; a Bond Fund account to service the debt; an Operating Reserve Fund account; and certain other accounts established as detailed in the Indenture of Trust Agreement. The above Trustee accounts are accounted within the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund under the caption "Restricted Investments – Trustee."

Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable unused books and instructional materials held by the School, which are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method using the consumption method.

Capital assets, depreciation and amortization

Expenditures for capital assets acquired for general School purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition. Capital assets reflected on the statement of net position are reported at cost, or at the acquisition value of the assets if received via a gift, and net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. For purposes of recording capital assets, the School has a capitalization threshold of \$1,000.

The School considers that capital assets are used primarily by the instructional and school administration function, and has derived an allocation percentage of 80% and 20%, respectively for such functions.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range as follows:

Vaara

	<u>rears</u>
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 – 20
Leasehold improvements	20 – 31
Prepaid ground lease	31

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

Income Taxes

Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. is an organization exempt from income taxation under Section 501(a) as an entity described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

The School has adopted guidance related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position that an entity takes or expects to take in a tax return. The School assesses its income tax positions, including its continuing tax status as a not-for-profit entity, and recognizes tax benefits only to the extent that the School believes it is "more likely than not" that its tax positions will be sustained upon an examination by the Internal Revenue Service or the applicable state taxing authority. The School believes all of its tax positions, including its continuing status as a not-for-profit entity, have a greater than 50% chance of realization in the event of an IRS audit. State income taxes, which may be due in certain jurisdictions, have been evaluated following the same "more likely than not" measurement threshold. The School has not accrued any interest and or penalties related to income taxes. The School is subject to audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits for any tax periods in progress.

Revenue

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. As such, the School's revenue stream is largely dependent upon the general state of the economy and the amounts allotted to the Florida Department of Education ("FDOE") by the state legislature. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the School Board.

Under the provisions of Florida Statutes, the School Board reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the FDOE for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program ("FEFP"). Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. The School Board receives an administrative fee from the School, which is reflected as a general administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds. This administrative fee is calculated on the FEFP revenue up to 250 students. The administrative fee charged by the School Board during the year ended June 30, 2019, was approximately \$51,000.

Revenues received from the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida are recognized when considered earned, which is generally in the month when the moneys are received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

The School may receive awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

The School also receives revenue related to charges for services related to preschool and before and after school care programs. Revenues related to such charges for services are recognized when considered earned, which is also generally in the month when the fees are collected.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Net position is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either
 by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other
 governments. At June 30, 2019, the School had restricted net position pertaining to bond
 covenants.
- 3. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Generally accepted accounting principles define the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. Fund balance amounts are to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- Nonspendable fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans, and notes receivable, and property held for sale (unless the proceeds are restricted committed or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to assets not in spendable form.
- Restricted fund balance associated with amounts that can be spent only for the specific purpose stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. At June 30, 2019, the School had restricted fund balances pertaining to bond covenants.
- Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. At June 30, 2019, the School had funds committed for future capital

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

outlays and operating reserves. Committed funds can only be uncommitted by formal action of the School's Board of Directors. The Board of Directors is considered to be the highest level of authority for the School.

- 4. Assigned fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance classification that is the residual classification for the School's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund balance spending policy

The School's adopted spending policy is to spend from restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned, and then the unassigned fund balance. Most funds were designated for one purpose at the time of their creation. Therefore, expenditures made out of the fund will be allocated to the applicable fund balance classifications in the order of the aforementioned spending policy. If expenditures are incurred that meet the purpose of more than one fund, they will be allocated to restricted fund balance first and then follow the order above. Funds can only be committed by formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no minimum fund balance requirements for any of the School's funds.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The School has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The School has no items that meet this criterion.

Due to and from Governmental Funds

From time to time, the School may have interfund activity. This activity is eliminated in the government wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS - TRUSTEE

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the School's deposits may not be recoverable. The School's unrestricted cash is deposited in a local bank that is insured under Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Under FDIC rules, the School is entitled to aggregate insurance coverage of \$250,000 per financial institution. At June 30, 2019, unrestricted cash balance exceeded FDIC insurance coverage by \$2,485,619. The School has not formally adopted an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however, Management of the School believes the stability and financial strength of the local bank significantly reduces the custodial credit risk.

The School's restricted investments held by the Trustee are considered to be backed by eligible collateral in the name of the School, and as such, considered by Management not to be exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential default of investments that are not financially sound. In connection with the issuance of bond debt and related party promissory note described in Note 6, the School was required to deposit the proceeds with the Trustee. The Indenture of Trust agreement addresses credit risk by only permitting the Trustee to invest funds for the School in qualified investments as defined in the Indenture. The Trustee invests in a money market fund with a portfolio composition consisting of U. S. Government obligations and repurchase agreements collateralized by U. S. Government obligations. The money market fund had a Standard and Poors (S&P) rating of AAAm at June 30, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk

The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by substantially limiting the weighted average maturity on all investments to one year or less. The calculated weighted average maturity for all investments held by the money market fund was 25 days.

Measurement

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the School's investments meet the necessary criteria and are reported at amortized cost. Therefore, such investments are not measured at fair value. However, due to the investments short-term maturity, amortized cost approximates fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table reflects the activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, related to the School's capital assets:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Technology equipment Prepaid ground lease Construction in progress - not	\$	9,949,831 511,789 528,596 4,519,753	\$	3,777,456 3,480 211,472	\$	- - -	\$ 13,727,287 515,269 740,068 4,519,753
being depreciated		3,568,291				(3,568,291)	-
Total capital assets		19,078,260		3,992,408		(3,568,291)	 19,502,377
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization							
Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Technology equipment Prepaid ground lease		(935,061) (132,043) (296,749) (423,971)		(443,332) (47,832) (141,280) (145,161)		- - -	(1,378,393) (179,875) (438,029) (569,132)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization		(1,787,824)		(777,605)			(2,565,429)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	17,290,436	\$	3,214,803	\$	(3,568,291)	\$ 16,936,948

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School reclassified the construction in progress, associated with the expansion of the School's facility (the "Expansion") to the other capital asset categories. The Expansion entails additional leasehold improvements to the School, which consists of a two-story wing containing additional classrooms, a computer lab, a reception area, administrative office, faculty planning room, offices, support rooms, covered dining pavilion, additional play area and additional parking spaces.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functional categories as follows:

Instruction	\$ 622,084
School administration	 155,521
	\$ 777,605

NOTE 4 - GROUND LEASE AGREEMENT

The School has a ground lease agreement with the School Board dated as of October 30, 2013, (the "Ground Lease"), under which the School leased land from the School Board, on which the development and construction of the School Site took place. The initial term of the Ground Lease is the longer of thirty-two (32) years or the maturity date of certain Series 2014 Bonds (Note 6) and provides two ten-year renewal options to the School. Upon issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds, the Ground Lease provides that the School shall pay the School Board the sum of \$4,500,000 as "Total Base Rent" for the entire initial term of the Ground Lease. The Total Base Rent was paid upon the issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds. The School shall be responsible for substantially all costs and expenses relating to the School Site and the business carried on therein during the term of the Ground Lease. The Ground Lease permitted the creation of a leasehold mortgage in favor of a certain Trustee for the benefit of certain Bondholders (Note 6). The School Board executed and delivered such leasehold mortgagee, setting forth and confirming the terms of the Ground Lease for the benefit of such leasehold mortgagee.

In August 2014, the School made the required rent payment under the Ground Lease of \$4,500,000. The Ground Lease is considered a capital asset and is reflected in Note 3 as prepaid ground lease.

In July 2017, the Ground Lease was amended in order for the School Board to allow for the construction of expanded facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 5 – AGREEMENTS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH THE SCHOOL BOARD AND DDCUS

School Board

In July 2014, the School entered into a Management Agreement, with the School Board that provides operational, management and administrative services to the School. The School Board coordinates the management and administrative duties required to operate the School. The School Board reports to the School's Board of Directors and advises it of the systems established for administrative duties. The School Board's services include, but are not limited to, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, corporate records maintenance, and the bookkeeping, budgeting, cash management and financial reporting required by the Board of Directors. The Management Agreement was amended during the year ended June 30, 2017, and provides that the School shall pay the School Board a management fee of (i) \$440 per K-5 student FTE up to 400 students, and \$110 for each FTE above 400, and (ii) \$250 per FTE student enrolled in the preschool program for each fiscal year and as negotiated annually thereafter, but not ever less than \$440 up to 400 students, and \$110 for each student thereafter per K-5 student FTE and \$250 per preschool FTE student, for each fiscal year. The term of the Management Agreement shall be in effect the same as those for the term of the Charter unless earlier terminated. Management fees incurred under the management agreement for the year ended June 30, 2019, totaled \$263,750.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School paid \$50,000 to the School Board for information technology services the School Board rendered, which is included under the function instruction related technology.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School also purchased approximately \$27,000 of supplies and other services from the School Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

Downtown Doral Charter Upper School, Inc.

At June 30, 2019, the School was due \$92,874 from Downtown Doral Charter Upper School, Inc. ("DDCUS"), a new school that opened during the 2018-2019 school year, for certain expenditures the School paid on DDCUS's behalf. The School and DDCUS are affiliated entities since they are overseen by the same Head of School, managed by the School Board, and have certain board members in common.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School had a sublease agreement with DDCUS, for the use of classrooms, and shared use of certain labs and office space. The sublease was for the period from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, while DDCUS was constructing its facilities. During the year, the School received lease income from DDCUS of \$23,000, which was the base rent under the sublease agreement.

Note Receivable - DDCUS

In February 2019, the School loaned \$610,000 to DDCUS under a promissory note agreement. The promissory note does not bear interest, and the entire amount due is payable to the School in February 2020. The balance of this note receivable as of June 30, 2019, was \$605,113.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Series 2014 Bonds

In August 2014, the Florida Development Finance Corporation Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$21,505,000 (the "Series 2014A Bonds"), and the Florida Development Finance Corporation Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$320,000 (the "Series 2014B Bonds" and together with the Series 2014A Bonds, the "Series 2014 Bonds") were issued. The proceeds of the Series 2014 Bonds were loaned by the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Issuer") to the School, and were used by the School (i) to acquire, construct, and equip certain charter school facility (the "Facility") located within Miami-Dade County, Florida, which is located on land subject to a Ground Lease (described in Note 4) with the School Board and improvements thereto (collectively, the "Project") and to prepay the rent under the Ground Lease for the entire initial term thereof, (ii) to fund a Debt Service Reserve Fund for the Series 2014 Bonds, (iii) to fund capitalized interest with respect to the Series 2014 Bonds through September 1, 2016, and (iv) to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds. The Bonds were issued pursuant to a certain Indenture of Trust dated as of August 1, 2014, by and between the Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

The following table describes the maturity dates and the interest rates on the Series 2014 Bonds:

Series 2014A										
	Bonds									
Final Maturity	Principal Interest									
Date		Amount	Rate							
July 1, 2024	\$	2,175,000	5.75%							
July 1, 2034	\$	6,775,000	6.25%							
July 1, 2044	\$	12,555,000	6.50%							
	S	eries 2014B								
		Bonds								
	(Taxable)									
Final Maturity	Principal Interest									
Date		Amount	Rate							
July 1, 2020	\$	320,000	7.00%							

In connection with the Project, the School entered into a Loan Agreement (the "2014 Loan Agreement"), dated as of August 1, 2014, pursuant to which the issuer loaned the proceeds of the Series 2014 Bonds to the School. The School's payment of principal and interest will be used to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2014 Bonds. In order to secure the payment of the Series 2014 Bonds, the Issuer assigned all of its rights and interest in the 2014 Loan Agreement to the "Trustee" pursuant to an assignment contained in the Indenture of Trust. The obligations of the School under the 2014 Loan Agreement will be secured by (i) a mortgage interest in the Facilities (which mortgage consists of a leasehold mortgage interest in the Ground Lease and school facilities pursuant to the Loan Agreement), (ii) an assignment of and security interest in certain School revenues, and (iii) a security interest in all other assets of the Borrower related to the Project, excluding property prohibited by law from being pledged as security because it has been purchased or refinanced with federal or state grant funds.

Series 2017 Bonds

On August 1, 2017, the Florida Development Finance Corporation Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$6,005,000 (the "Series 2017A Bonds"), and the Florida Development Finance Corporation Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$295,000 (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Series 2017 Bonds") were issued. The proceeds of the Series 2017 Bonds were loaned by the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Issuer") to the School, and are to be used by the School (i) to acquire, construct, and equip the Expansion of the School (ii) to fund an increase in the size of the existing Debt Service Reserve necessitated by the issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds, (iii) to fund capitalized interest with respect to the Series 2017 Bonds through July 1, 2018, and (iv) to pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

The Bonds were issued pursuant to the Indenture of Trust dated as of August 1, 2014, by and between the Issuer and the Trustee, as amended and supplemented by a Series 2017 Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated August 1, 2017 by and between the Issuer and the Trustee.

The School entered into a Loan Agreement (the "2017 Loan Agreement"), dated as of August 1, 2017, pursuant to which the issuer loaned the proceeds of the Series 2017 Bonds to the School. The School's payment of principal and interest will be used to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2017 Bonds. In order to secure the payment of the Series 2017 Bonds, the Issuer assigned all of its rights and interest in the 2017 Loan Agreement to the "Trustee" pursuant to an assignment contained in the Indenture of Trust. The obligations of the School under the 2017 Loan Agreement will be secured by (i) the original mortgage interest in the Facilities, which secured the Series 2014 Bonds, (ii) an assignment of and security interest in certain pledged revenues, (iii) a security interest in a certain School deposit account, and (iv) a security interest in all other assets of the School related to the Series 2017 Facilities, as defined in the 2017 Loan Agreement.

The following table describes the maturity dates and the interest rates on the Series 2017 Bonds:

	Series 2017A Bonds									
Final Maturity		Principal	Interest							
Date		Amount	Rate							
July 1, 2027	\$	1,070,000	5.00%							
July 1, 2044	\$	4,935,000	5.75%							
	Se	ries 2014B								
		Bonds								
	((Taxable)								
Final Maturity		Principal	Interest							
Date		Amount	Rate							
July 1, 2020	\$	295,000	7.25%							

Financial Covenants

Beginning with the fiscal year end June 30, 2017, and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the School is required to maintain a minimum debt service coverage ratio (DSCR), as defined in the 2014 Loan Agreement, of 1.00. The DSCR increases to 1.05 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and 1.10 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, and each fiscal year thereafter. Compliance with the DSCR is to be tested at the end of each fiscal year. The School is required to maintain, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, and ending with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, a minimum DSCR, as defined in the 2017 Loan Agreement of 1.00. The DSCR increases to 1.05 for the fiscal year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

ending June 30, 2021, and 1.10 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, and each fiscal year thereafter.

Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019, the School is required by the 2014 Loan Agreement and 2017 Loan Agreement to have available cash on hand, as defined thereon, of 35 days at the end of the fiscal year. The number of days increases to 40 days for the year ending June 30, 2020, and 45 days for the year ending June 30, 2021, and each fiscal year end thereafter.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School complied with the financial covenants.

Debt Service Reserve Fund

The Indenture of Trust agreement requires the School to maintain a Debt Service Reserve Fund with the Trustee. At June 30, 2019, the amount held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund was \$2,293,846. The amount required to be held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund is established pursuant to a certain formula described in the Indenture of Trust agreement, as amended and supplemented by a Series 2017 Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated August 1, 2017 by and between the Issuer and the Trustee. This amount is included with restricted investments - trustee at June 30, 2019.

Promissory Note – Related Party

In August 2014, the School borrowed under a promissory note agreement \$1,000,000 from a related party, whom is a family member of the President of the Board of Directors. The loan is non-interest bearing and payable in August 2022, provided that the payment will not cause a default under the Loan Agreement. The School may extend the due date of the loan until August 2025 or such earlier date as such repayment will not cause a default under the Loan Agreement. The purpose of this loan was to establish an Operating Reserve Fund pursuant to the Indenture of Trust Agreement, which moneys therein are to be used for payment of principal and interest on the bonds, in the event moneys in other debt service funds are insufficient to make such payments when due. The moneys may also be used for operating expenses to the extent operating revenues are insufficient, but only with certain bondholder consent. The Operating Reserve Fund is to remain in effect until certain covenants pursuant to the bond agreements have been met.

The following is a schedule of long term debt activity curing the year ended June 30, 2019:

	5	Series 2014 Bonds	S	eries 2017 Bonds	missory Note elated Party			
Balance – beginning of year	\$	21,825,000	\$	6,300,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	29,125,000	
Additions Reductions		-		-	-		-	
	_	01.005.000			 4 000 000	_	00.405.000	
Balance – end of year	\$	21,825,000	\$	6,300,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	29,125,000	
Amount due within one year	\$	345,000	\$	175,000	\$ 	\$	520,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

The following table lists the combined principal and interest due until maturity of the long-term debt for each of the subsequent five fiscal years and in five-year increments thereafter:

	Principal Due										
Year Ending	5	Series 2014	S	eries 2017	No	ote Related	To	tal Principal	Total Interest		
June 30,		Bonds		Bonds		Party		Due		Incurred	
2020	\$	345,000	\$	175,000	\$	-	\$	520,000	\$	1,711,951	
2021		380,000		190,000		-		570,000		1,675,051	
2022		405,000		95,000		-		500,000		1,647,013	
2023		430,000		135,000		1,000,000		1,565,000		1,615,538	
2024		455,000		140,000		-		595,000		1,582,376	
2025 - 2029		2,715,000		810,000		-		3,525,000		7,316,527	
2030 - 2034		3,665,000		1,060,000		-		4,725,000		6,030,577	
2035 - 2039		4,975,000		1,405,000		-		6,380,000		4,264,401	
2040 - 2044		6,815,000		1,855,000		-		8,670,000		1,825,313	
2045		1,640,000		435,000		-		2,075,000			
Total	\$	21,825,000	\$	6,300,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	29,125,000	\$	27,668,747	

The debt service payments shown above for the Series 2014 and Series 2017 bonds on the above table are due January 1st and July 1st of each year. As such, the July payment is the first payment for the fiscal year, which ends on June 30. Pursuant to the requirements of the Indenture of Trust, the School is required to make monthly transfers from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund in order to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the Bonds.

The School transfers from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund moneys for the purpose of paying long-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 7 – STATE AND PROGRAM REVENUES

The following is a schedule of state revenue sources for the year ended June 30, 2019:

State Sources:

District School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida:

General	١.
General	١.

Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 5,077,664
Class size reduction	1,267,881
Supplemental academic instruction	320,218
ESE guaranteed allocation	115,601
Instructional materials	72,347
Safe schools	26,544
Florida School Recognition Funds	78,284
Other	166,929
Total General	7,125,468
Program:	

Charter School Capital Outlay 462,827
Total State Sources \$ 7,588,295

The following is a schedule of program revenues which offset expenses reported on the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Program Revenues:

Charges for Services:

Before and after school care service fees	582,993
Preschool services fees	783,371
Total Program Revenues	\$ 1,366,364

These program revenues offset the given functions as they are directly connected with those respective functions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES

The following is a schedule of the activity for interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2019:

Description of Transfer	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund		
Transfer from General Fund to Debt Service Fund for payment of interest and accumulation of debt service reserves associated with Series 2014 and 2017 Bonds	\$ (1,977,183)	\$ -	\$ 1,977,183		
Transfer from Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund to General Fund for capital outlay expenditures and transfers of cash	515,589	(478,072)	(37,517)		
Net Transfers	\$ (1,461,594)	\$ (478,072)	\$ 1,939,666		

The following is a schedule of interfund balances due to and from the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund as of June 30, 2019:

Description and Purpose of Amounts Due to and From	Ger	neral Fund	Pro	Capital ojects Fund	 Combined Total
Due from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay expenditures	\$	251,766	\$	-	\$ 251,766
Due to General Fund for capital outlay expenditures Net Due to and From	\$	<u>-</u> 251,766	\$	(251,766) (251,766)	\$ (251,766)

Amounts above are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE 9 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The School's employees are eligible to participate in a 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan ("the Plan"), which was made available by the School's payroll provider. The Plan is considered a Defined Contribution Plan and is available to employees that meet certain eligibility criteria. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School contributed to the Plan approximately \$60,000. The name of the 401(k) Plan is ADP Total Source Retirement Plan.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have historically not exceeded insurance coverage. In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

DOWNTOWN DORAL CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, INC. A CHARTER SCHOOL SPONSORED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted Original	i	Budgeted Final	GAAP Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive Negative)
REVENUES State sources Preschool and after school care Contributions and grants Other	\$	7,206,560 1,328,181 368,010 23,000	\$	7,042,211 1,312,845 396,993 23,000	\$ 7,125,468 1,366,364 14,004 40,655	\$	83,257 53,519 (382,989) 17,655
Total revenues		8,925,751		8,775,049	 8,546,491		(228,558)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Instruction Instructional support Instructional media Professional development Instruction related technology Board General administration School administration Fiscal services Central services Student transportation services Operation and maintenance of plant Community services Preschool - instruction and other Debt service Capital outlay Total expenditures		3,498,847 275,520 2,600 5,000 140,000 53,250 358,573 702,333 105,794 1,700 8,500 615,629 327,337 397,737 2,095,800 - 8,588,620		3,454,019 350,359 2,600 5,000 140,000 53,250 300,662 751,356 107,093 1,700 8,500 726,535 286,805 405,231 2,095,800	3,451,786 205,035 3,203 1,020 81,455 36,475 314,317 827,369 139,359 480 - 760,155 288,362 422,582 20,585 24,548 6,576,731		2,233 145,324 (603) 3,980 58,545 16,775 (13,655) (76,013) (32,266) 1,220 8,500 (33,620) (1,557) (17,351) 2,075,215 (24,548) 2,112,179
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		337,131		86,139	1,969,760		1,883,621
Other financing sources: Transfers in Transfers out		<u>-</u>		- -	515,589 (1,977,183)	(515,589 (1,977,183)
Net changes in fund balance	\$	337,131	\$	86,139	508,166	\$	422,027
Fund balance at beginning of year				<u></u>	3,380,075		
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 3,888,241		

See report of independent auditors.

DOWNTOWN DORAL CHARTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, INC. A CHARTER SCHOOL SPONSORED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

The School's budgets presented in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule are annually adopted and prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Amendments to the School's budgets can only be made with the approval of the board of directors.

For the budget, the School does not use a capital outlay function, instead, the School will budget for capital outlay within other budgetary function categories. Under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP), actual capital outlay expenditures are to be reported separately from other functions, which may result in variances in the budgetary comparison schedule if the budgetary functions include capital outlay expenditures. The budget categories are generally consistent with GAAP except for capital outlay.

Sotolongo & Associates, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. Doral, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. (the "School"), a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Miami, Florida

September 10, 2019

Sotolongo & Associates, P.A.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY
RULES OF THE FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL,
CHAPTER 10.850, AUDITS OF CHARTER SCHOOLS AND SIMILAR
ENTITIES, THE FLORIDA VIRTUAL SCHOOL, AND VIRTUAL
INSTRUCTION PROGRAM PROVIDERS

Sotolongo & Associates, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. Doral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc., a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated, September 10, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No findings or recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity is Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc., and the school code assigned to it is 13-3002.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc.'s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We performed the financial condition assessment procedures for the year ended June 30, 2019, which included calculation and analysis of certain financial indicators we considered relevant to the School. No deteriorating financial condition was noted as a result of this assessment.

It should be noted that although there was a deficit in total net position as shown in the government wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2019, most of the liabilities reflected thereon are longterm. In addition, at June 30, 2019, the School's general fund had a surplus of unassigned fund balance sufficient to cover transfers associated with debt service in the near term and payments of current liabilities. At June 30, 2019, the School also had a surplus of committed funds, which are committed for capital outlay and operating reserves and can be uncommitted by action of the Board of Directors.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Downtown Doral Charter Elementary School, Inc. maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, applicable management, and the School Board of Miami-Dade County, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Miami, Florida

September 10, 2019

lotolongo & Associates, J. A.