



Doral Academy of Technology
WL# 3029
(A Charter School under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Doral, Florida

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|-----------|
| General Information | 1 |
| Independent Auditor’s Report. | 2-3 |
| Management’s Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) | 4-8 |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| <i>Government-wide Financial Statements:</i> | |
| Statement of Net Position. | 9 |
| Statement of Activities. | 10 |
| <i>Fund Financial Statements:</i> | |
| Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. | 11 |
| Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position. | 12 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds. | 13 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities. | 14 |
| <i>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</i> | 15-28 |
| Required Supplementary Information: | |
| Budgetary comparison schedules. | 29-31 |
| Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> | |
| | 32-33 |
| Management Letter | 34-36 |

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

W/L#: 3029

2601 NW 112th Avenue
Doral, FL 33172

2018-2019

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Angela Ramos, President and Chair, Director
Rene Rovirosa, Secretary and Treasurer, Director
Kim Guilarte, Director
Ana Guimaraes, Director and Student Alumni Representative
Fabiana Campos, Director and Parent Representative

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Carlos Ferralls, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Doral Academy of Technology
Doral, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology (the "School"), a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Doral Academy of Technology as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The Doral Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of The Doral Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2019 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 29 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2019 on our consideration of School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 10, 2019

Management’s Discussion and Analysis
Doral Academy of Technology
(A Charter School Under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2019

The corporate officers of Doral Academy of Technology (the “School”) have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School’s financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2019 was \$2,445,882.
2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$2,380,437.
3. The net position of the School increased by \$857,562 during the year.
4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$2,297,743.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School’s basic financial statements. The School’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School’s finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School’s assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School’s net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A “fund” is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 28 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$2,445,882 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 5,442 | \$ 2,221 |
| Investments | 2,316,000 | 1,006,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | 30,599 | 19,911 |
| Due from other agencies | 28,396 | 4,117 |
| Due to other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term | 100,000 | 700,000 |
| Capital assets, net | <u>17,540</u> | <u>13,057</u> |
| Total Assets | <u>2,497,977</u> | <u>1,745,306</u> |
| Deferred outflows of resources | - | - |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 52,095 | 31,064 |
| Due to other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc. | <u>-</u> | <u>125,922</u> |
| Total Liabilities | <u>52,095</u> | <u>156,986</u> |
| Deferred inflows of resources | - | - |
| Net Position: | | |
| Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables | 117,540 | 713,057 |
| Unrestricted | <u>2,328,342</u> | <u>875,263</u> |
| Total Net Position | <u>\$ 2,445,882</u> | <u>\$1,588,320</u> |

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 follows:

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| REVENUES | | |
| Program Revenues | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | \$ 13,454 | \$ - |
| Capital outlay funding | 152,705 | 102,736 |
| Lunch program | 66,318 | 52,893 |
| General Revenues | | |
| Local sources (FTE and other non specific) | 2,073,957 | 1,498,018 |
| Other revenue | 32,198 | 11,167 |
| Total Revenues | <u>\$ 2,338,632</u> | <u>\$ 1,664,814</u> |
| EXPENSES | | |
| Instruction | \$ 478,537 | \$ 400,033 |
| Student support services | 27,455 | 525 |
| Instructional staff training | - | 3,856 |
| Board | 18,531 | 14,544 |
| School administration | 352,291 | 375,163 |
| Fiscal services | 50,531 | 32,175 |
| Food services | 66,739 | 54,810 |
| Central services | 47,141 | 34,331 |
| Pupil transportation services | 3,525 | - |
| Operation of plant | 432,717 | 304,945 |
| Maintenance of plant | 3,603 | 101 |
| Administrative technology services | - | 6,597 |
| Total Expenses | <u>1,481,070</u> | <u>1,227,080</u> |
| Increase in Net Position | 857,562 | 437,734 |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year | <u>1,588,320</u> | <u>1,150,586</u> |
| Net Position at End of Year | <u>\$ 2,445,882</u> | <u>\$ 1,588,320</u> |

Doral Academy of Technology's revenues and expenditures increased by \$673,818 and \$253,990. The School had an increase in its net position of \$857,562 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 2601 N.W. 112th Avenue, Miami, Florida 33172. The facility abuts the neighboring Doral Academy Charter High School.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

This past year, the School had approximately 299 students enrolled in grades six through eight.

Accomplishments

In 2019, Doral Academy of Technology (DAT) completed its 8th year of operations, serving 299 students in grades 6-8. The school earned its 7th consecutive letter grade of “A” ranking as one of the highest-performing public middle schools in Miami-Dade County, and among the top middle schools in Florida, based on the points it received under the State of Florida Accountability Program.

DAT aims to prepare students for high academic performance, stimulate their lifelong love of math and science and create new pathways for them to pursue academic and professional careers in the fields of Math, Science, Engineering and Technology. Students are provided with a rigorous college preparatory curriculum and a rich extra-curricular program of activities, including team sports and clubs. The school’s award-winning facilities include fully equipped classrooms, labs, art rooms, a band room, production rooms, ball fields, a state-of-the-art gymnasium, and a brand new, top-notch football field. Doral Academy of Technology’s campus has been nominated for the American Institute of Architects People’s Choice Awards for Best Design.

Doral Academy Robotics held their first ever robotics picnic. The Doral Robotics and Doral Video Game Club hosted a Smash Bros. Tournament. Robotics 3 students developed an I2C Weather Station, made with an Arduino MEGA and a BMP180 sensor. The computer science team compted at the Annual UCF High School Programming Tournament. They took 2nd place in the contest, and 1st place in Florida.

As part of the Doral Academy, Inc. network of high performing charter schools, Doral Academy of Technology is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT’S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School’s *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School’s financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School’s operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School’s governmental general fund reported a fund balance of \$2,328,342. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School’s discretion is \$2,297,743. These funds will be available for the School’s future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$17,540 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. This investment in capital assets includes improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2019, the School had no long-term debt associated to its capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

| | Governmental Fund | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | |
| State capital outlay funding | \$ 121,750 | \$ 155,258 | \$ 152,705 |
| Federal sources | 57,900 | 59,400 | 59,982 |
| Charges for services | 18,500 | 19,350 | 19,790 |
| General Revenues | | | |
| FTE and other nonspecific revenues | 1,698,105 | 2,065,385 | 2,073,957 |
| Charges and other revenues | 19,908 | 31,465 | 32,198 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 1,916,163 | \$ 2,330,858 | \$ 2,338,632 |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 392,403 | \$ 464,338 | \$ 462,452 |
| Student support services | 5,000 | 27,500 | 27,455 |
| Board | 19,631 | 20,731 | 18,531 |
| School administration | 319,984 | 352,978 | 352,291 |
| Fiscal services | 36,525 | 50,531 | 50,531 |
| Food services | 67,000 | 66,950 | 66,739 |
| Central services | 42,025 | 47,925 | 47,141 |
| Pupil transportation services | 2,000 | 3,900 | 3,525 |
| Operation of plant | 280,598 | 442,621 | 432,717 |
| Maintenance of plant | 21,000 | 5,000 | 3,603 |
| Total Current Expenditures | \$ 1,186,166 | \$ 1,482,474 | \$ 1,464,985 |

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Governmental Activities</u> |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 5,442 |
| Investments | 2,316,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | 30,599 |
| Due from other agencies | 28,396 |
| Total current assets | <u>2,380,437</u> |
| Capital assets, depreciable | 466,689 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | <u>(449,149)</u> |
| | 17,540 |
| Due from other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term | <u>100,000</u> |
| Total Assets | <u>2,497,977</u> |
| <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | |
| Current liabilities: | |
| Salaries and wages payable | <u>52,095</u> |
| Total current liabilities | 52,095 |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Net Position: | |
| Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables | 117,540 |
| Unrestricted | <u>2,328,342</u> |
| Total Net Position | <u>\$ 2,445,882</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2019

| FUNCTIONS | Program Revenues | | | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 478,537 | \$ - | \$ 7,608 | \$ - | \$ (470,929) |
| Student support services | 27,455 | - | - | - | (27,455) |
| Board | 18,531 | - | - | - | (18,531) |
| School administration | 352,291 | - | - | - | (352,291) |
| Fiscal services | 50,531 | - | - | - | (50,531) |
| Food services | 66,739 | 19,790 | 46,528 | - | (421) |
| Central services | 47,141 | - | - | - | (47,141) |
| Pupil transportation services | 3,525 | - | - | - | (3,525) |
| Operation of plant | 432,717 | - | - | 152,705 | (280,012) |
| Maintenance of plant | 3,603 | - | 5,846 | - | 2,243 |
| Total governmental activities | 1,481,070 | 19,790 | 59,982 | 152,705 | (1,248,593) |
| General revenues: | | | | | |
| FTE and other nonspecific revenues | | | | | 2,073,957 |
| Investment earnings | | | | | 32,198 |
| Change in net position | | | | | 857,562 |
| Net position, beginning | | | | | 1,588,320 |
| Net position, ending | | | | | \$ 2,445,882 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 5,442 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 5,442 |
| Investments | 2,316,000 | - | - | 2,316,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | 30,599 | - | - | 30,599 |
| Due from other agencies | - | 13,454 | 14,492 | 27,946 |
| Due from fund | 28,396 | - | - | 28,396 |
| Total Assets | <u>2,380,437</u> | <u>13,454</u> | <u>14,492</u> | <u>2,408,383</u> |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Salaries and wages payable | 52,095 | - | - | 52,095 |
| Due to fund | - | 13,454 | 14,492 | 27,946 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>52,095</u> | <u>13,454</u> | <u>14,492</u> | <u>80,041</u> |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - |
| <u>Fund balance</u> | | | | |
| Nonspendable, not in spendable form | 30,599 | - | - | 30,599 |
| Unassigned | 2,297,743 | - | - | 2,297,743 |
| | <u>2,328,342</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,328,342</u> |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance | <u>\$2,380,437</u> | <u>\$ 13,454</u> | <u>\$ 14,492</u> | <u>\$ 2,408,383</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 2,328,342

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$466,689 net of accumulated depreciation of \$449,149 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund. 17,540

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 100,000

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 2,445,882

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| State passed through local | \$2,073,957 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,073,957 |
| State capital outlay funding | - | - | 152,705 | 152,705 |
| Federal school lunch program | - | 46,528 | - | 46,528 |
| Lunch fees | - | 19,790 | - | 19,790 |
| Federal sources | - | 13,454 | - | 13,454 |
| Other revenue | 32,198 | - | - | 32,198 |
| Total Revenues | 2,106,155 | 79,772 | 152,705 | 2,338,632 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Instruction | 454,844 | 7,608 | - | 462,452 |
| Student support services | 27,455 | - | - | 27,455 |
| Board | 18,531 | - | - | 18,531 |
| School administration | 352,291 | - | - | 352,291 |
| Food services | - | 66,739 | - | 66,739 |
| Fiscal services | 50,531 | - | - | 50,531 |
| Central services | 47,141 | - | - | 47,141 |
| Pupil transportation services | 3,525 | - | - | 3,525 |
| Operation of plant | 280,012 | - | 152,705 | 432,717 |
| Maintenance of plant | 3,603 | - | - | 3,603 |
| Capital Outlay: | | | | |
| Other capital outlay | 20,568 | - | - | 20,568 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,258,501 | 74,347 | 152,705 | 1,485,553 |
| Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures | 847,654 | 5,425 | - | 853,079 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | |
| Transfers in (out) | 5,425 | (5,425) | - | - |
| Collections from The Doral Academy, Inc. | 600,000 | - | - | 600,000 |
| Net change in fund balance | 1,453,079 | - | - | 1,453,079 |
| Fund Balance at beginning of year | 875,263 | - | - | 875,263 |
| Fund Balance at end of year | \$2,328,342 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,328,342 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 1,453,079

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense of \$16,085 exceeded capital outlays of \$20,568. 4,483

Increase in long-term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which collections of long-term receivables of \$600,000 exceeded advances of \$-0-. (600,000)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 857,562

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Doral Academy of Technology (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by The Doral Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The Doral Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Doral, Florida for students from sixth to eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2019, when on average 299 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined. “Available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School’s allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application* (see Note 2).

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Furniture, Equipment, and Computers | 5 Years |
| Textbooks and Software | 3 Years |

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a “benefit year”). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may “rollover” all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to “cash out” unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Income Taxes

The Doral Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables - consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position - consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets and long term receivables."

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) Restricted – this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) Committed - fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School’s Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) Assigned - fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School’s management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) Unassigned – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School’s general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School’s policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 10, 2019 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. As of June 30, 2019, the School’s deposits consisted of cash balances of \$6,125.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Doral Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools.

Note 2 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Doral Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2019, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$6,125.

Investments

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. At June 30, 2019, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

- Government money market mutual fund of \$2,810,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of July 31, 2019, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 81% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2019, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| | Balance 07/01/18 | Additions | Retirements | Balance 06/30/19 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Computer equipment and software | \$ 64,216 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 64,216 |
| Furniture, equipment and textbooks | 381,905 | 20,568 | - | 402,473 |
| Total Capital Assets | \$ 446,121 | \$ 20,568 | \$ - | \$ 466,689 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Computer equipment and software | (76,999) | - | - | (76,999) |
| Furniture, equipment and textbooks | (356,065) | (16,085) | - | (372,150) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | \$(433,064) | \$ (16,085) | \$ - | \$(449,149) |
| Capital Assets, net | <u>\$ 13,057</u> | <u>\$ 4,483</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 17,540</u> |

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Instruction | \$ 16,085 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | <u>\$ 16,085</u> |

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual services. The agreement between the School and the education service and support provider calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Doral Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School incurred \$134,775 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Doral Academy, Inc.

During 2019, the School’s facility was located on the premises of Doral Academy Middle School (a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.). Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools. In addition, the School’s student activities internal fund is held by Doral Academy Middle School.

During 2019, the School reimbursed Doral Academy Middle School approximately \$434,000 for shared expenses.

The Doral Academy, Inc.

The Doral Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid The Doral Academy, Inc. \$44,925 in connection with these charges during the year.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivables for the year ended June 30, 2019.

| | <u>Balance</u> <u>07/01/2018</u> | <u>Additions</u> | <u>Collections</u> | <u>Balance</u> <u>06/30/2019</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| The Doral Academy, Inc. | \$ 700,000 | \$ - | \$ (600,000) | \$ 100,000 |
| Total Long Term Receivable | <u>\$ 700,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (600,000)</u> | <u>\$ 100,000</u> |

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Concentrations

The School entered into an amended lease and security agreement with School Development II, LLC (the “Landlord”, an affiliate of the School’s education service and support provider – Note 4) for its 65,164 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. Fixed initial annual payments under this agreement are based on a rate of \$23.83 per square footage of the building, which amounts to approximately \$1,553,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The amended agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional five year terms.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Concentrations (continued)

Future minimum payments under this lease are as follows:

| <u>Year</u> | |
|-------------|--|
| 2020 | \$1,619,000 |
| 2021 | \$1,619,000 |
| 2022 | \$1,619,000 |
| 2023 | \$1,619,000 |
| 2024 | \$1,619,000 |
| 2025-2029 | \$8,093,000 (Total for five-year period) |
| 2030-2034 | \$8,093,000 (Total for five-year period) |
| 2035-2036 | \$4,857,000 (Total for two-year period) |

Lease payments are allocated among the School and Doral Academy Middle School based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2019, was approximately 17% for the School and 83% for Doral Academy Middle School. For 2019, rent expense totaled \$271,354.

Bond Issue and Repayment

On January 4, 2018, Miami-Dade County Industrial Development Authority issued tax-exempt revenue bonds of \$22,045,000, on behalf of The Doral Academy, Inc. (the Organization), to be secured by a first mortgage on the land owned by the Organization as well as revenues of Doral Academy Charter Middle School, Doral Academy Charter High School, Doral Performing Arts & Entertainment Academy, and Doral Academy of Technology (the “Four Schools”). The proceeds of the bond issue have been used to fund the acquisition, design, construction, installation and equipping of a 91,000 square foot, six story building known as the Doral Hall Educational Facility (“Doral Hall”), fund a debt service reserve fund, and pay costs of the bond issuance.

Through a Usage Fee Agreement approved by the Board of Directors of the Organization, all Capital and Operating costs as defined herein will be due on a monthly basis commencing on the first day of the first full calendar month following the date on which the Organization receives a temporary certificate of occupancy for Doral Hall. All costs of the acquisition, design, permitting, construction, equipping (“Capital Costs”) and operations including interest expense, ongoing financing fees, all insurance, all taxes, property management fees, utilities, maintenance, repairs, replacements (“Operating Costs”) of Doral Hall, together with an annual administrative fee of 5% of the sum of the Capital and Operating Costs each year, shall be shared among the Four Schools in proportion to their relative annual student enrollments.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Concentrations (continued)

The certificate of occupancy was obtained on April 11, 2019. Usage fee in relation to this agreement for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$26,866. The allocation used for 2019, was approximately 17% for the School and 83% for Doral Academy Middle School.

The School’s debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements. In the event an instance of default is not remedied, the maturity can be accelerated and / or the underlying collateral may be subject to foreclosure.

The debt service on the tax-exempt bond financing for the Organization (which will be allocated between the Four Schools) is as follows:

| Year | Principal | Interest | Total | |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 350,000 | \$ 1,087,250 | \$ 1,437,250 | |
| 2021 | \$ 365,000 | \$ 1,069,750 | \$ 1,434,750 | |
| 2022 | \$ 385,000 | \$ 1,051,500 | \$ 1,436,500 | |
| 2023 | \$ 405,000 | \$ 1,032,250 | \$ 1,437,250 | |
| 2024 | \$ 425,000 | \$ 1,012,000 | \$ 1,437,000 | |
| 2025-2029 | \$ 2,460,000 | \$ 4,719,500 | \$ 7,179,500 | (total for five year period) |
| 2030-2034 | \$ 3,145,000 | \$ 4,039,250 | \$ 7,334,000 | (total for five year period) |
| 2035-2039 | \$ 4,005,000 | \$ 3,171,500 | \$ 6,976,250 | (total for five year period) |
| 2040-2044 | \$ 5,110,000 | \$ 2,065,250 | \$ 7,175,250 | (total for five year period) |
| 2045-2048 | \$ 5,095,000 | \$ 652,750 | \$ 5,747,750 | (total for four year period) |

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2019, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$34,292.

Note 7 – Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Capital Projects Fund |
|---|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| To fund lunch deficit | \$ (421) | \$ 421 | \$ - |
| Reimbursement from Restart Grant for prior period expenditures | 5,846 | (5,846) | - |
| Total Transfers, net | <u>\$ 5,425</u> | <u>\$ (5,425)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay | \$ 14,942 | \$ - | \$ (14,942) |
| Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Restart Grant | 5,846 | (5,846) | - |
| Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Title IV | 7,608 | (7,608) | - |
| Total Due from/(Due to) | <u>\$ 28,396</u> | <u>\$ (13,454)</u> | <u>\$ (14,942)</u> |

Note 8 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as “Professional Employer Organization” (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 9 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$17,947 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | |
| State passed through local | \$ 1,698,105 | \$ 2,065,385 | \$ 2,073,957 |
| Other revenue | 19,908 | 31,465 | 32,198 |
| Total Revenues | <u>1,718,013</u> | <u>2,096,850</u> | <u>2,106,155</u> |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Instruction | 383,003 | 456,338 | 454,844 |
| Student support services | 5,000 | 27,500 | 27,455 |
| Board | 19,631 | 20,731 | 18,531 |
| School administration | 319,984 | 352,978 | 352,291 |
| Fiscal services | 36,525 | 50,531 | 50,531 |
| Central services | 42,025 | 47,925 | 47,141 |
| Pupil transportation services | 2,000 | 3,900 | 3,525 |
| Operation of plant | 158,848 | 287,363 | 280,012 |
| Maintenance of plant | 21,000 | 5,000 | 3,603 |
| Total Current Expenditures | <u>988,016</u> | <u>1,252,266</u> | <u>1,237,933</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over Current Expenditures | <u>729,997</u> | <u>844,584</u> | <u>868,222</u> |
| Capital Outlay | <u>35,000</u> | <u>25,000</u> | <u>20,568</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | 694,997 | 819,584 | 847,654 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfers in (out) | - | 3,800 | 5,425 |
| Collections from The Doral Academy, Inc. | <u>-</u> | <u>600,000</u> | <u>600,000</u> |
| Net change in fund balance | 694,997 | 1,423,384 | 1,453,079 |
| Fund Balance at beginning of year | <u>875,263</u> | <u>875,263</u> | <u>875,263</u> |
| Fund Balance at end of year | <u>\$ 1,570,260</u> | <u>\$ 2,298,647</u> | <u>\$ 2,328,342</u> |

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2019

| | Special Revenue Fund | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | |
| Federal school lunch program | \$ 45,000 | \$ 46,400 | \$ 46,528 |
| Lunch program | 18,500 | 19,350 | 19,790 |
| Federal sources | 12,900 | 13,000 | 13,454 |
| Total Revenues | <u>76,400</u> | <u>78,750</u> | <u>79,772</u> |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Instruction | 9,400 | 8,000 | 7,608 |
| Food services | 67,000 | 66,950 | 66,739 |
| Total Current Expenditures | <u>76,400</u> | <u>74,950</u> | <u>74,347</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over Current Expenditures | <u>-</u> | <u>3,800</u> | <u>5,425</u> |
| Capital Outlay | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures | <u>76,400</u> | <u>74,950</u> | <u>74,347</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | - | 3,800 | 5,425 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | |
| Transfers in (out) | <u>-</u> | <u>(3,800)</u> | <u>(5,425)</u> |
| Net change in fund balance | - | - | - |
| Fund Balance at beginning of year | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Fund Balance at end of year | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2019

| | Capital Projects Fund | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | |
| State capital outlay funding | \$ 121,750 | \$ 155,258 | \$ 152,705 |
| Total Revenues | 121,750 | 155,258 | 152,705 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Operation of Plant | 121,750 | 155,258 | 152,705 |
| Total Current Expenditures | 121,750 | 155,258 | 152,705 |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | - | - | - |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | |
| Transfers in (out) | - | - | - |
| Net change in fund balance | - | - | - |
| Fund Balance at beginning of year | - | - | - |
| Fund Balance at end of year | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of
Doral Academy of Technology
Doral, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported to management in a separate management letter dated September 10, 2019 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "HLB Gravier, LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 10, 2019



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of
Doral Academy of Technology
Doral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Doral Academy of Technology, Doral, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 10, 2019 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Doral Academy of Technology, 3029.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Doral Academy of Technology has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy of Technology did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Doral Academy of Technology. It is management's responsibility to monitor Doral Academy of Technology's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendations:

ML – 19-01 CAPITAL ASSETS

Criteria: The School is required to maintain an inventory of capital assets purchased with public funds in accordance with local, state or federal regulations.

Condition: We noted that the School does not have a formal process for reconciling the capital assets inventory report to the capital assets of the Schools trial balance.

Cause: The condition results from school personnel not consistently performing an inventory of all fixed assets and reconciling to the Schools trial balance.

Effect: Failure to perform the procedures mentioned above could result in a misstated Annual Property Inventory.

**Recom-
mendation:** We recommend that the School perform an annual inventory of all capital assets and reconcile to the capital asset ledgers recorded on the School's books.

**Views of
Responsible**

Officials: Management will adhere to auditor's recommendation. The ESSP is assisting the schools with identifying the proper support to ensure schools are in full compliance with inventory requirements.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Doral Academy of Technology maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy of Technology maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "HLB Gravier, LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 10, 2019