

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2018

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Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L #6004 18491 SW 134 Avenue Miami, Florida 33177

2017-2018

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Lourdes Isla, Board Chair
Todd German, Vice-Chair and Treasurer
Ana Diaz, Secretary and Director
David Concepcion, Director
Jennifer Esquijarosa, Director
Louis Marin, Vice Chair (Texas) and Director
Dr. Bernard Kimmel, Director
George Ozuna, Member (Texas) and Director – resigned 4/28/18
Tony Morales, Director and Student Alumni – resigned 11/17/17

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Suzette Ruiz, Principal

OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President

BOARD COUNSEL

Charles Gibson, Esq. Eleni Pantaridis, Esq.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2018 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 4, 2018, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

HLB Sparrer LL/ CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 4, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (A Charter School Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2018

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2018 was \$889,200.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,097,044.
- 3. The School had a decrease in its net position of \$(47,596) for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$815,340.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 26 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, net position was \$889,200 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 follows:

	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,428	\$ 71,022
Investments	1,060,000	870,000
Prepaid expenses	23,882	7,474
Due from other agencies	3,734	5,505
Capital Assets, net	49,978	48,819
Total Assets	1,147,022	1,002,820
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	83,058	66,024
Accounts payable	174,764_	
Total Liabilities	257,822	66,024
Deferred inflows of resources		-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	49,978	48,819
Unrestricted	839,222	887,977
Total Net Position	\$ 889,200	\$ 936,796

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 follows:

	2018	2017
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 66,087	\$ 58,929
Capital Grants and Contributions	113,645	64,307
Lunch Program	12,635	15,730
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE and other non specific)	1,560,159	1,454,453
Other Revenues	11,536	2,802
Total Revenues	\$ 1,764,062	\$ 1,596,221
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 910,223	\$ 708,327
Instructional media services	60,458	, -
Instructional staff training	763	81
Board	19,548	31,650
School administration	201,303	124,985
Facilities acquisition	-	1,469
Fiscal services	36,075	34,275
Food services	79,759	57,158
Central services	46,244	45,273
Operation of plant	352,356	331,811
Maintenance of plant	93,188	77,927
Administrative technology services	11,741	<u> </u>
Total Expenses	1,811,658	1,412,956
(Decrease) Increase in Net Position	(47,596)	183,265
Net Position at Beginning of Year	936,796	753,531
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 889,200	\$ 936,796

Somerset Academy Middle School's revenues increased by \$167,841 and expenditures increased by \$398,702, respectively. Somerset Academy Middle School had a decrease in its net position of \$ (47,596) for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

Students are housed at 18491 S.W. 134th Avenue, Miami, FL 33177.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

This past year, the School had on average 241 students enrolled in grades six through eight.

Achievements

In 2018, Somerset Academy Middle School completed its 14th year of operation, increasing enrollment to 241 students in grades 6-8. The School received its 10th consecutive grade of "A" and a School Recognition Award from the Florida Department of Education and ranked among the top-performing public middle school in Miami-Dade County.

This past year, Somerset Academy Middle School students participated in various community service projects and fundraisers such as Amigos for Kids Toy Drive, Thanksgiving Food Drive, Scholastic Book Fair, and the World's Finest Chocolate Sale. Students participated in various clubs and team sports, including the National Junior Honor Society, FEA, Environmental Club, Drama Club, Basketball, Football, Volleyball and a championship Soccer team. Somerset students also participated in school-based musical productions, including the Somerset Holiday Show.

Somerset Academy's facilities have been recognized nationally for "Outstanding Elementary and Middle School Building Design" in The American School and University Magazine, a national publication on educational facilities.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Academy Middle School is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. It is one of only a few public middle schools in Miami-Dade County to be fully accredited by AdvancEd. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset Middle places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research—based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$839,222. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$815,340. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$49,978 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2018, the School had no long term debt relating to capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 44,954	\$ 43,980	\$ 43,672	
Local capital improvement revenue	68,549	69,973	69,973	
Federal sources	65,410	65,900	66,087	
Lunch program	10,967	12,541	12,635	
General Revenues				
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	1,565,345	1,550,176	1,560,159	
Charges and other revenues	10,000	11,100	11,536	
Total Revenues	1,765,225	1,753,670	1,764,062	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	842,672	899,186	894,753	
Instructional staff training	1,000	780	763	
Student support services	38,200	62,317	60,458	
Board	27,200	21,365	19,548	
School administration	188,690	205,312	201,303	
Fiscal services	33,868	38,750	36,075	
Food services	80,132	80,120	79,759	
Central services	47,482	46,987	46,244	
Operation of plant	332,660	354,181	349,433	
Maintenance of plant	75,000	94,760	92,627	
Administrative technology services	10,000	11,900	11,741	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 1,676,904	\$ 1,815,658	\$ 1,792,704	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

<u>Assets</u>	Gove Ac		
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	9,428
Investments			1,060,000
Prepaid expenses			23,882
Due from other agencies			3,734
Total current assets	•		1,097,044
	• •		
Capital assets, depreciable			403,782
Less: accumulated depreciation			(353,804)
			49,978
Total Assets			1,147,022
Deferred Outflows of Resources			-
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and wages payable	•		83,058
Accounts payable			174,764
Total Liabilities			257,822
Deferred Inflows of Resources			-
Deletion initiate of tresources		<u> </u>	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets			49,978
Unrestricted			839,222
Total Net Position		\$	889,200

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2018

				H	rogram R	leven	ues			
FUNCTIONS	F	Expenses	•	ges for vices		and	Cap Grant Contril	s and	an	t (Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:		,						-		
Instruction	\$	910,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(910,223)
Student support services		60,458		-		-		-		(60,458)
Instructional staff training		763		-		-		_		(763)
Board		19,548		-		-		-		(19,548)
School administration		201,303		-		-		-		(201,303)
Fiscal services		36,075		-		-		-		(36,075)
Food services		79,759	12	,635	66,	087		-		(1,037)
Central services		46,244		-		-		-		(46,244)
Operation of plant		352,356		_		_	113	3,645		(238,711)
Maintenance of plant		93,188		-		-		-		(93,188)
Administrative technology services		11,741								(11,741)
Total governmental activities		1,811,658	12	,635	66,	087	11:	3,645	_	(1,619,291)
	FΤ	eneral reven E and other terest and o	r nonsp		evenues					1,560,159 11,536
	Change in net position						(47,596)			
		et position, 1	_	ng						936,796
	Ne	t position,	ending						_\$	889,200

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Non-major Government Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,428	\$ -	\$ 9,428
Investments	1,060,000	-	1,060,000
Due from other agencies	-	3,734	3,734
Due from fund	3,734		3,734
Prepaid expenses	23,882		23,882
Total Assets	1,097,044	3,734	1,100,778
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	-		
Liabilities			
Salaries and wages payable	83,058	-	83,058
Accounts payable	174,764	-	174,764
Due to fund		3,734	3,734
Total Liabilities	257,822	3,734	261,556
Deferred Inflows of Resources	.		_
Fund balance			•
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	23,882		23,882
Unassigned	815,340	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	815,340
-	839,222		839,222
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,097,044	\$ 3,734	\$ 1,100,778

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 839,222

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$403,781 net of accumulated depreciation of \$353,803 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

49,978

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 889,200

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Non-major Government Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: State capital outlay funding State passed through local Local capital improvement revenue	\$ - 1,560,159 -	\$ 43,672 69,973	\$ 43,672 1,560,159 69,973
Federal sources Lunch program Charges and other revenue	11,536	66,087 12,635	66,087 12,635 11,536
Total Revenues Expenditures: Current	1,571,695	192,367	1,764,062
Instruction Board	894,753 19,548	-	894,753 19,548
Student support services Instructional staff training	60,458 763 201,303	-	60,458 763 201,303
School administration Fiscal services Food services	36,075 -	- - 79,759	36,075 79,759
Central services Operation of plant	46,244 235,788 92,627	113,645	46,244 349,433 92,627
Maintenance of plant Administrative technology services Capital Outlay:	11,741	-	11,741
Other capital outlay Total Expenditures	20,113 1,619,413	193,404	20,113 1,812,817
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(47,718)	(1,037)	(48,755)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)	(1,037)	1,037_	
Net change in fund balance	(48,755)	· -	(48,755)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	887,977	- ·	887,977
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 839,222	\$ -	\$ 839,222

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ (48,755)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$20,113 exceeded from depreciation expense of \$18,954.

1,159

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (47,596)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of seven members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2028 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before it date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2018, when on average 241 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts. The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School has adopted GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application (Note 3).

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

The School operates one lunch site that is part of the charter holder National School Lunch program. During the year, the combined operations of all sites operated at a deficit that was funded by the general fund. Accordingly, any deficit or excess in an individual charter school is transferred to the general fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements	5 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School receives a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as unassigned fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 4, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance]	Balance
	 07/01/17	A	dditions	Retire	ments	(06/30/18
Capital Assets:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 50,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,663
Computer equipment and software	63,545		14,843		-		78,388
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	269,461		5,270		-		274,730
Total Capital Assets	\$ 383,669	\$	20,113	\$	-	\$	403,781
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ (47,888)	\$	(1,262)	\$	-	\$	(49,150)
Computer equipment and software	(36,081)		(9,148)		₩		(45,229)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(250,881)		(8,544)		-		(259,424)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(334,850)		(18,954)				(353,803)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 48,819	\$	1,159	\$	-	\$	49,978

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 15,470
Operation of plant	2,923
Maintenance of Plant	 561
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 18,954

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institutions. As of June 30, 2018, the School's deposits consisted of cash balances of \$2,133.

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2018, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was \$2,133.

Investment

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Codification Section 3100 Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2018, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

• Government money market mutual fund of \$1,060,000 valued using Level 2 inputs.

The government money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of January 31, 2018, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 59% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (Regions Bank) that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 - Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2021, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the School incurred \$108,225 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Note 5 - Transaction with other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School shares its facility with Somerset Academy (another charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). As a result certain activities such as fundraising activities are recorded in the books of Somerset Academy and not in those of the School.

Note 5 - Transaction with other division of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

The School's lunch program is shared with various schools. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. (the "Corporation") charges an assessment to all of its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2018, the School paid \$36,600 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

Note 6 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The School entered into a lease and security agreement with Valencia School Development, LLC for its 51,200 square feet facility including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service and support provider (See Note 4). This facility is shared with Somerset Academy (a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement (based on \$16.80 per square foot) are approximately \$860,400 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew t additional five-year term. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00 and maintaining a reserve for property expenses such as repairs, maintenance, taxes or insurance.

Lease payments are allocated among the two schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2018, was 27% for the School and 73% for Somerset Academy. For 2018, rent expense totaled \$234,005.

Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

Future minimum payments for the full lease (shared with Somerset Academy) are as follows:

Year	
2019	\$883,681
2020	\$883,681
2021	\$883,681
2022	\$883,681
2023	\$883,681
2024-2028	\$4,418,407 (total for five year period)
2029-2033	\$4,418,407 (total for five year period)
2034-2036	\$2,651,044 (total for three year period)

Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2018, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$30,426.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

Note 8 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School will match up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$22,960 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						
State passed through local	\$	1,565,345	\$	1,550,176	\$	1,560,159
Charges and other revenue		10,000		11,100		11,536
Total Revenues		1,575,345		1,561,276		1,571,695
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		842,672		899,186		894,753
Instructional Staff Training		1,000		780		763
Student Support Services		38,200		62,317		60,458
Board		27,200		21,365		19,548
School Administration		188,690		205,312		201,303
Fiscal Services		33,868		38,750		36,075
Central Services		47,482		46,987		46,244
Operation of Plant		216,990		239,860		235,788
Maintenance of Plant		75,000		94,760		92,627
Administrative technology services		10,000		11,900		11,741
Total Current Expenditures		1,481,102		1,621,217		1,599,300
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		94,243		(59,941)		(27,605)
Capital Outlay		10,110		23,018		20,113
Total Expenditures		1,491,212		1,644,235		1,619,413
Excess (Defecit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		84,133		(82,959)		(47,718)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)		(5,922)		(2,047)		(1,037)
Net change in fund balance		78,211		(85,006)		(48,755)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		887,977		887,977		887,977
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	966,188	\$	802,971	\$	839,222

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL. REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 4, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management report dated September 4, 2018 of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 4, 2018



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Charter Middle School as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and have issued our report thereon dated September 4, 2018.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 4, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Somerset Academy Charter Middle School.

Financial Condition

Section 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Somerset Academy Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Financial Condition (Continued)

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Charter Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Charter Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 4, 2018