Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.) (A Charter School and Component Unit of the School Board of Miami Dade County, Florida)

> Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2014

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# Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc..) W/L# 5054 4300 Alton Road Miami Beach, FL 33140

2013-2014

# Board of Directors

Roberto Blanch, Chairman Shannie Sadesky, Vice Chair Cesar Christian Crousillat, Secretary Juan Garcia, Director Javier Jerez, Director Maurene Sotero, Director

School Administration

Eileen Hernandez, Principal

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai Miami Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (the "School"), a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Miami-Dade County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America: this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai at June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Mater Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Mater Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2014 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2014 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (A Charter School Under Mater Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2014

The corporate officers of Mater Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

#### Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the Charter School at June 30, 2014 was \$274,241.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$214,679.
- 3. The net position of the School increased by \$265,895 during the year.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$191,116.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 26 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$274,241 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2014 follows:

	2014	2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 198,821	\$ 3,515
Other receivables	9,526	-
Prepaid expenses	800	-
Due from other agencies	5,532	176,619
Capital assets, net	388,325	240,671
Total Assets	603,004	420,805
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,763	7,166
Deferred revenue	-	9,713
Due to other charter school	306,000_	395,580
Total Liabilities	328,763	412,459
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	82,325	-
Unrestricted	191,916_	8,346
Total Net Position	\$ 274,241	\$ 8,346

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 follows:

	2014	2013
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 184,713	\$ 163,552
Capital Outlay Funding	44,384	10,055
Lunch Program	45,645	19,262
Charges for Services	4,139	-
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE non specific)	733,364	264,814
Other Revenues	72,564	32,504
Total Revenues	\$ 1,084,809	\$ 490,187
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 371,638	\$ 184,834
Instructional staff training	2,979	4,026
Board	9,297	2,884
School administration	180,915	140,652
Facilities acquisition	35,044	28,259
Fiscal services	16,200	6,150
Food services	86,261	34,348
Central services	27,192	11,201
Operation of plant	9,708	14,432
Maintenance of plant	15,422	16,614
Community services	64,258_	38,441
Total Expenses	818,914	481,841
Increase in Net Position	265,895	8,346
Net Position at Beginning of Year	8,346_	<del>_</del> _
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 274,241	\$ 8,346

The School's revenues and expenditures increased by \$594,622 and \$337,073 respectively and enrollment increased by 66 students. The school had an increase in net position of \$265,895 for the year.

# **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### **Accomplishments**

In 2014, Mater Academy (Mount Sinai) completed its 2nd year of operations, and increased enrollment serving 108 students in grades K-4. The school had the highest performing 3rd graders on the FCAT in all of Miami Beach and is one of few schools to have STEM (science, technology, engineering, mathematics) class infused in the curriculum. The students have a STEM class every Friday in addition to their core classes.

Located on the premises of the Mt. Sinai Medical Center, the school provides students with a nurturing and supportive educational environment, where a philosophy of respect and high expectations is instilled for all students, parents, teachers, and staff. The school's mission is to provide an innovative and challenging curriculum, preparing students to have a global edge, strive to create a thirst for knowledge in all disciplines of the curriculum, and enrich every student with a sense of purpose and commitment to the common good.

As a member of the Mater Academy network of high quality charter schools, Mater Academy Mount Sinai is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$191,916. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$191,116. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

### **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$ 388,325 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and equipment. The School has outstanding debt associated to capital assets and working capital of \$306,000.

### Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Funds			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 66,500	\$ 40,000	\$ 44,384	
Federal sources	180,000	182,000	184,713	
Lunch program	55,000	45,000	45,645	
Lunch fees	6,000	4,000	4,139	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	739,465	738,000	733,364	
Charges and other revenues	66,000	72,500	72,564	
Total Revenues	1,112,965	1,081,500	1,084,809	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	362,875	336,500	335,681	
Instructional staff training	11,000	9,800	2,979	
Board	2,500	2,500	9,297	
School administration	200,000	181,000	180,915	
Facilities acquisition	12,000	11,000	10,922	
Fiscal services	18,000	16,500	16,200	
Food services	88,000	85,500	85,692	
Central services	30,500	28,000	27,192	
Operation of plant	8,000	10,000	9,708	
Maintenance of plant	10,000	12,000	11,330	
Community services	66,000	64,500	64,258	
Total Current Expenditures	808,875	757,300	754,174	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Α	S	se	ets
_		-	

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies	\$	198,821 9,526 800 5,532 214,679
Capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable Less: accumulated depreciation		22,420 476,908 (111,003) 388,325
Total Assets		603,004
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		_
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Total Current Liabilities  Due to other charter schools, long-term Total Liabilities	-	22,763 22,763 306,000 328,763
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	82,325 191,916 274,241

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2014

### **Program Revenues**

			1			
FUNCTIONS	E	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:			-			
Instruction	\$	371,638	\$ -	\$ 184,713	\$ -	\$ (186,925)
Instructional staff training		2,979	-	-	-	(2,979)
Board		9,297	-	-	-	(9,297)
School administration		180,915	-	-	-	(180,915)
Facilities acquisition		35,044	-	-	-	(35,044)
Fiscal services		16,200	-	-	-	(16,200)
Food services		86,261	4,139	45,645	-	(36,477)
Central services		27,192	-	-	-	(27,192)
Operation of plant		9,708	-	-	44,384	34,676
Maintenance of plant		15,422	-	-	-	(15,422)
Community services		64,258	68,516			4,258
Total governmental activities		818,914	72,655	230,358	44,384	(471,517)
		eneral rever				<b>722.264</b>
		-	ific revenues			733,364
	Int	erest and o	ther revenue			4,048
	Ch	ange in ne	t position			265,895
	Ne	et position,	, beginning			8,346
	Ne	et position,	ending			\$ 274,241

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Special	Total	
			Governmental	
		Revenue Fund	Funds	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 198,821	\$ -	\$ 198,821	
Other receivables	9,526	-	9,526	
Due from other agencies	-	5,532	5,532	
Due from other funds	5,532	-	5,532	
Prepaid expenses	800		800	
Total Assets	214,679	5,532	220,211	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			-	
Liabilities				
Salaries and wages payable	22,763	-	22,763	
Due to fund		5,532	5,532	
Total Liabilities	22,763	5,532	28,295	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	_			
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	800	-	800	
Unassigned	191,116		191,116	
	191,916		191,916	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 214,679	\$ 5,532	\$ 220,211	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (A charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.)		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Posi- For the year ended June 30, 2014	tion	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	191,916
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets of \$499,328 net of accumulated depreciation of \$111,003 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		388,325

Long term debt to related parties in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

(306,000)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 274,241

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Special	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 44,384	\$ 44,384
State passed through local	733,364	-	733,364
Federal sources	-	184,713	184,713
Lunch program	-	45,645	45,645
Lunch fees	_	4,139	4,139
Charges and other revenue	72,564		72,564
Total Revenues	805,928	278,881	1,084,809
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	306,097	29,584	335,681
Board	9,297	_	9,297
Instructional staff training	2,484	495	2,979
School administration	180,915	-	180,915
Facilities acquisition	10,922	-	10,922
Fiscal services	16,200	-	16,200
Food services	<b>-</b>	85,692	85,692
Central services	26,192	1,000	27,192
Operation of plant	-	9,708	9,708
Maintenance of plant	-	11,330	11,330
Community Services	64,258	-	64,258
Capital Outlay:	21 104	101 000	212.201
Other capital outlay	31,194	181,200	212,394
Total Expenditures	647,559	319,009	966,568
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	158,369	(40,128)	118,241
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	(40,128)	40,128	-
Repayment of long term advances	(89,580)		(89,580)
Net change in fund balance	28,661	-	28,661
Fund Balance at beginning of year	163,255		163,255
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 191,916	\$ -	\$ 191,916

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 28,661

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$212,394 exceeded depreciation expense of \$64,741.

147,654

Decrease in long term payables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but an decrease or repayment of such payables reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which the decrease in long-term payables of \$89,850 exceeded advances of \$0 in the current period.

89,580

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 265,895

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

# **Assets**

Cash	\$ 2,233
Total Assets	2,233
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Due to students and clubs	2,233
Total Liabilities	2,233
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-
Net Position	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Reporting Entity

Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Mater Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Mater Academy, Inc., which is composed of six members and also governs other charter schools.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2017 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charters expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Miami Beach, Florida for students from kindergarten to fourth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2014, when on average 108 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB 63 identifies net position, rather than net assets, as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after assets. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisition of resources that is applicable to future reporting periods that will be reported in a separate section after liabilities. This change was incorporated in the School's financial statements; however there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

Additionally, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities". GASB 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously report as assets and liabilities. This change was incorporated in the School's financial statements; however there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Special Revenue Fund* - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

#### Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from" other funds. Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net assets in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Improvements5 YearsFurniture and equipment5 YearsTextbooks3 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

#### Government-wide financial statements

Net position are classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) <u>Unassigned</u> – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Income Taxes

Mater Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 29, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2014, the School's deposits and investments was \$387,856; of which \$27,856 consisted of bank balances and \$360,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Mater Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2014, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$33,944; including fiduciary account bank balances.

#### Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2014, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mac. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

### Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance 07/01/13	Additions	Retirements	Balance 06/30/14
Capital Assets, non-depreciable: Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 22,420	\$ -	\$ 22,420
Capital Assets, depreciable:				·
Computer equipment	52,729	61,695		114,424
Leasehold improvements	177,123	32,120		209,243
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	57,081	96,160	<u></u> _	153,241
	286,933	212,395	-	499,328
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Computer equipment	(6,801)	(15,662)	-	(22,463)
Leasehold improvements	(28,259)	(19,489)	-	(47,748)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(11,202)	(29,590)		(40,792)
	(46,262)	(64,741)	-	(111,003)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 240,671	\$ 147,654	\$ -	\$ 388,325

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 35,957
Facilities acquisition	24,122
Maintenance of plant	4,092
Food services	570
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 64,741

#### Note 4 – Management Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional charter school management company, provides management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting. The agreement between the School and the management company calls for a fee of \$450 per full time equivalent (FTE) student per year.

#### Note 4 – Management Agreement (continued)

The agreement is with Mater Academy, Inc. for a period of four years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the School incurred \$48,600 in management fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

### Note 5 – Transactions with other Divisions of Mater Academy, Inc.

Mater Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai paid Mater Academy, Inc. approximately \$11,000 in connection with these charges during the year.

During 2013, the School received long-term, non-interest bearing advances from Mater Academy (a charter school under Mater Academy, Inc.) which were outstanding at June 30, 2014. These advances are secured by the School's capital assets.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance			Balance	
	07/01/13	Advances	Repayments	06/30/14	
Mater Academy	\$ 395,580	\$ -	\$ 89,580	\$ 306,000	
Total Long Term Payables	\$ 395,580	\$ -	\$ 89,580	\$ 306,000	

#### Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

The School entered into an educational facilities licensing agreement with Mount Sinai Medical Center of Florida, Inc. for the use of its facility. Under the agreement, the School will pay a facilities usage reimbursement of one dollar (\$1) per annum, payable in advance on the first day of each year. The School is responsible for all repairs, maintenance and insurance costs related to the premises. The agreement is for a term of five years through June 30, 2017. Commencing July 1, 2015, the parties agree that they shall work in good faith toward a mutually agreeable extended term. During the initial term and any subsequent renewal, this agreement may be terminated by either party for any reason without cause by providing written notice no less than 365 days prior to June 30 of the year of termination.

## Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

#### Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

The School participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs which are subject to audit in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". The School expects such expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies to be immaterial.

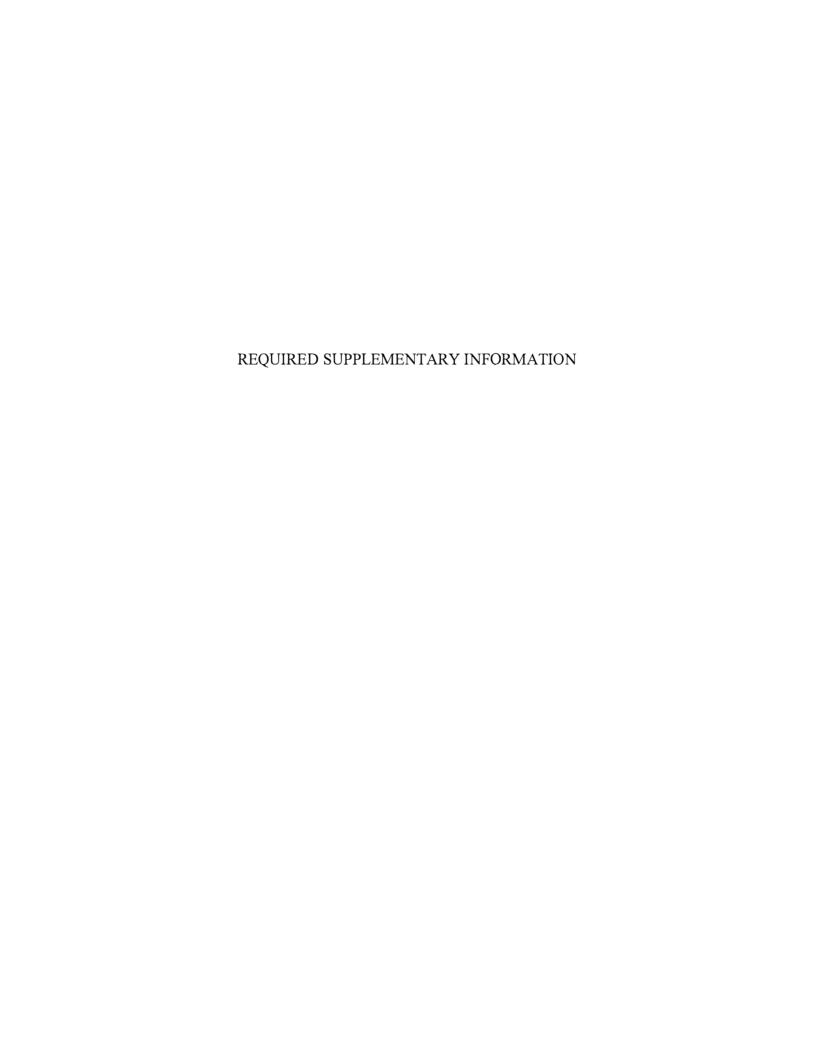
Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2014, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$35,476.

#### Note 7 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

#### Note 8 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$1,129 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

For th	ie yea	r ended	June	30,	2014

	General Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES						
State passed through local	\$ 739,465	\$ 738,000	\$ 733,364			
Charges and other revenue	66,000	72,500	72,564			
Total Revenues	805,465	810,500	805,928			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	337,875	306,500	306,097			
Instructional Staff Training	10,000	9,300	9,297			
Board	2,500	2,500	2,484			
School Administration	200,000	181,000	180,915			
Facilities acquisition	12,000	11,000	10,922			
Fiscal Services	18,000	16,500	16,200			
Food Services	-	-				
Central Services	30,000	27,000	26,192			
Operation of Plant	-	-	-			
Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-			
Community Services	66,000	64,500	64,258			
Total Current Expenditures	676,375	618,300	616,365			
Excess of Revenues	*	<del></del>				
Over Current Expenditures	129,090	192,200	189,563			
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal	_	_	_			
Capital Outlay	55,000	51,000	31,194			
Other Capital Outlay						
Total Capital Outlay and						
Debt Service Expenditures	55,000	51,000	31,194			
Total Expenditures	731,375	669,300	647,559			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	74,090	141,200	158,369			
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)	-	(50,000)	(40,128)			
Long term advances to related party	••	(90,000)	(89,580)			
Net change in fund balance	74,090	1,200	28,661			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	163,255	163,255	163,255			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 237,345	\$ 164,455	\$ 191,916			

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						
State capital outlay funding	\$	66,500	\$	40,000	\$	44,384
Federal sources		180,000		182,000		184,713
Lunch program		55,000		45,000		45,645
Lunch fees		6,000		4,000		4,139
Total Revenues		307,500		271,000		278,881
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		25,000		30,000		29,584
Instructional staff training		1,000		500		495
Food services		88,000		85,500		85,692
Central services		500		1,000		1,000
Operation of plant		8,000		10,000		9,708
Maintenance of plant		10,000		12,000		11,330
Total Current Expenditures		132,500		139,000		137,809
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		175,000		132,000		141,072
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		175,000		182,000		181,200
Other Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Total Capital Outlay and						
Debt Service Expenditures	<del></del>	175,000		182,000		181,200
Total Expenditures		307,500		321,000		319,009
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		(50,000)		(40,128)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)				50,000		40,128
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year		_				-
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	-

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule
An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai Miami Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai(the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated August 29, 2014 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Grewer, Up

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai Miami Beach, Florida

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 29, 2014, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. See status of prior year findings below.

#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether or not Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218..503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

# Financial Condition (Continued)

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai. It is management's responsibility to monitor Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In Connection with our audit, we determined that Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Mater Academy at Mt. Sinai.

### Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations

<u>ML13-01 – Capital assets</u>: During the current year audit, we noted that the reconciliation was performed and the asset manager totals agreed to the trial balance.

# Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HUB Gravin Lip
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 29, 2014