Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2015

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1 2-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	4-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statement:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-27
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary comparison schedules	28-29
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	30-31
Management Letter	32-33

604 NW 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue Miami, FL 33135

2014-2015

#### Board of Directors

Rene Ruiz, Board Chair Roberto Abello, Vice Chair, Director Alina Lopez, Secretary, Director Roberto Blanch, Director Shannie Sadesky, Director Cesar Christian Crousillat, Director

School Administration

Alex Tamargo, Principal



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2015 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 9 and 28 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

LLER GREWER UP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School (A Charter School Under Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc.)

June 30, 2015

The corporate officers of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2015 was \$192,700.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$580,889
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$18,470 for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$189,957.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16-27 of this report.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$192,700 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 360,370	150,101
Prepaid expenses	180,102	109,996
Due from other agencies	18,372	53,163
Deposits receivable	22,045	18,190
Due from other charter schools, long-term	267,144	267,144
Capital assets, net	1,130,452	1,317,899
Total Assets	1,978,485	1,916,493
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	188,785	145,263
Due to affiliates and other charter schools, long term	1,597,000	1,597,000
Total Liabilities	1,785,785	1,742,263
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables	-	-
Unrestricted	192,700	174,230
Total Net Position	\$ 192,700	\$ 174,230

At the end of 2015, the School is able to report a positive balance in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 337,253	\$ 273,800
Capital Outlay Funding	283,993	212,838
Lunch Program	198,364	168,206
Charges for Services	-	-
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	3,318,042	2,540,924
Other Revenues	97,071	168,590
Total Revenues	\$ 4,234,723	\$ 3,364,358
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 2,025,131	\$ 1,615,273
Instructional staff training	11,941	5,157
Board	19,645	4,360
School administration	521,482	447,985
Fiscal services	84,975	61,900
Food services	204,803	147,079
Central services	110,296	108,066
Operation of plant	1,082,637	685,452
Maintenance of plant	155,343	109,856
Interest on long-term debt	_	5,000
Total Expenses	4,216,253	3,190,128
Increase in Net Position	18,470	174,230
Net Position at Beginning of Year	174,230	0
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 192,700	\$ 174,230

The School's revenue increased by \$870,365 and expenditures increased by \$1,026,125 as a result of an increase in student enrollment. The School had an increase in its net position of \$18,470.

## **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### Accomplishments

In 2015, SLAM Middle School completed it second year of operations serving 567 students in grades 6-8. SLAM is located in the historic Little Havana neighborhood of Miami. The school opened in a 7-story, 134 square foot state-of-the-art facility featuring a penthouse gymnasium overlooking Miami's downtown and Marlins Ballpark.

The majority of the students enrolling in the school come from the surrounding communities of Little Havana and Overtown, both predominantly minority and poverty-stricken urban neighborhoods. Despite these challenges, the middle school made great academic strides, outperforming the surrounding public middle schools in its region. During its first year, SLAM Middle earned a letter grade of "C" based on points received under the State of Florida Accountability Program. To date, the State of Florida has not released school grades for the 2014-2015 school year, however, the school projects to have made significant gains for the current school year.

The mission of SLAM is to provide prepare middle school students for high school and careers beyond through an innovative, engaging and rigorous educational program that promotes sports leadership career exploration. Middle school students at SLAM are able to explore career interests prior to entering high school through relevant real world experiences and activities related to careers in Sports Medicine, Digital Television and Sports Media Production, Sports Marketing, Entertainment, and Management. The school provides students with unique access to career mentors and athletes as role models through educational partnerships with local and national sports franchises such as such as NASCAR, Major League Baseball (MLB), The NBA, The Miami Marlins, the Miami HEAT and others. SLAM is currently working with sports franchises throughout the country after being featured on The Today Show, Good Morning America, The Tonight Show, The Katie Couric Show, National Public Radio, ABC Nightline.

SLAM also provides students with extra-curricular clubs and activities including: Junior National Honor Society (NHS), the Fellowship of Christina Athletes Club, SECME Club, Art and Fashion Design Clubs, and Environmental Club. SLAM! is working with Google as a partner in increasing student access and exposure to computer science (CS) education though an after-school program at SLAM! entitled CSFirst. Students watch computer-based videos and learn to code using an online tool called Scratch. During the course of the first project (approximately 8 weeks) students in the program are learning to use coding to create their own computer-based music videos.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$392,104. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$189,957. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

#### **Capital Assets**

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$1,130,452 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and equipment. The School has outstanding long term debt of \$1,597,000 associated to capital assets and working capital.

## Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUE\$				
Program Revenues	i .			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 218,750	\$ 280,000	\$ 283,993	
Federal sources	520,000	520,000	523,694	
Federal sources - lunch program	10,000	11,000	11,923	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	3,456,250	3,317,424	3,318,042	
Charges and other revenues		80,000	97,071	
Total Revenues	4,205,000	4,208,424	4,234,723	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	1,665,000	1,915,000	1,874,058	
Instructional staff training	15,000	15,000	11,941	
Board	25,000	20,000	19,645	
School administration	538,000	540,000	521,482	
Fiscal services	90,000	90,000	84,975	
Food services	200,000	205,000	204,803	
Central services	124,683	120,000	110,296	
Operation of plant	1,038,750	1,035,000	991,576	
Maintenance of plant	170,000	160,000	155,343	
Total Current Expenditures	3,866,433	4,100,000	3,974,119	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets	Governmental Activities	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies Deposits receivable	\$	360,370 180,102 18,372 22,045 580,889
Due from other charter schools, long-term		267,144
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation		1,457,042 (326,590) 1,130,452
Total Assets		1,978,485
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		_
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable		188,785
Due to affiliates, long-term Total Liabilities	<u></u>	1,597,000 1,785,785
Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u></u>
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables  Unrestricted  Total Net Position	\$	192,700 192,700

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2015

## **Program Revenues**

			_		
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contribution	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,025,131	\$ -	\$ 337,253	\$ -	\$ (1,687,878)
Instructional staff training	11,941	-	₩.	-	(11,941)
Board	19,645	-	-	-	(19,645)
School administration	521,482	-	-	<b>~</b>	(521,482)
Fiscal services	84,975		-	-	(84,975)
Food services	204,803	11,923	186,441	-	(6,439)
Central services	110,296	-	-	-	(110,296)
Operation of plant	1,082,637	-	-	283,993	(798,644)
Maintenance of plant	155,343	-	<u>-</u>	-	(155,343)
Total governmental activities	4,216,253	11,923	523,694	283,993	(3,396,643)
	General reve	milec.			
		ific revenues			3,318,042
	Interest and				97,071
	Change in ne	et position			18,470
	Net position	, beginning			174,230
	Net position,	ending			\$ 192,700

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Assets	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 360,370	\$ -	\$ 360,370
Due from other agencies	-	18,372	18,372
Due from fund	18,372		18,372
Prepaid expenses	180,102	-	180,102
Deposits receivable	22,045		22,045
Total Assets	580,889	18,372	599,261
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>			-
Liabilities			
Salaries and wages payable	188,785	-	188,785
Due to fund	-	18,372	18,372
Total Liabilities	188,785	18,372	207,157
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_	-
Fund balance			
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	202,147	-	202,147
Unassigned	189,957	·	189,957
-	392,104	-	392,104
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 580,889	\$ 18,372	\$ 599,261

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance - Government	al	Funds
---------------------------------	----	-------

\$ 392,104

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$1,457,042 net of accumulated depreciation of \$326,590 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

1,130,452

Long term receivables from related party in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

267,144

Long term liabilties of \$1,597,000 were not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(1,597,000)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 192,700

	General Fund	Special  Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 283,993	\$ 283,993
State passed through local	3,318,042	=76	3,318,042
Federal sources	-	523,694	523,694
Charges and other revenue	97,071	11,923	108,994
Total Revenues	3,415,113	819,610	4,234,723
Expenditures:			
Current			
Instruction	1,812,632	61,426	1,874,058
Board	19,645	-	19,645
Instructional staff training	11,941	~	11,941
School administration	521,482	-	521,482
Facilities acquisition	-	-	-
Fiscal services	84,975	-	84,975
Food services	-	204,803	204,803
Central services	110,296	-	110,296
Operation of plant	707,583	283,993	991,576
Maintenance of plant	155,343	-	155,343
Capital Outlay:			
Other capital outlay	54,687		54,687
Total Expenditures	3,478,584	550,222	4,028,806
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(63,471)	269,388	205,917
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	269,388	(269,388)	-
Net change in fund balance	205,917	-	205,917
Fund Balance at beginning of year	186,187	<u></u>	186,187
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 392,104	\$ -	\$ 392,104

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 205,917

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$54,687 exceeded depreciation expense of \$242,134.

(187,447)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 18,470

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc., which is composed of six members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exits that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2018 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charters expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2015, when on average 565 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net positions and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

#### Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

#### Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies relate to grants or programs for which the services have been provided by the School.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Furniture and equipment 5 Years Textbooks 3 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

## Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP.

Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### Net Position and Fund Balance Classification

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables consists of capital assets and long term receivables net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt and long term receivables."

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

## Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Income Taxes

Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. has applied to be treated as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). As of June 30, 2013, the organization still awaits for a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service. Management believes that the application will be approved and accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the School's deposits and investments was \$360,370, of which \$11,863 consisted of bank balances and \$530,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2015, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$11,863 including fiduciary account bank balances.

#### Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a

## Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

## Investments and Credit Risk (continued)

Federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mac. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to

investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

#### Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance	4.3.107	D. C.	Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Retirements	06/30/15
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 603,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 603,699
Computer equipment and software	240,796	8,894	-	249,690
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	557,860	45,793		603,653
Total Capital Assets	\$ 1,402,355	\$ 54,687	\$ -	\$ 1,457,042
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(750)	(61,120)	, and	(61,870)
Computer equipment and software	(24,080)	(49,048)		(73,128)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(59,626)	(131,966)		(191,592)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(84,456)	(242,134)	**	(326,590)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,317,899	\$ (187,447)	\$ -	\$ 1,130,452

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 151,073
Operation of plant	91,061
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 242,134

## Note 4 -Education Service Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2018, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred \$254,925 in fees. The School prepaid \$21,000 at June 30, 2015 allocated in Prepaid Expenses.

#### Recoverable Grant

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School received a \$90,000 recoverable grant from Academica. The purpose of the grant is for the School to use on operating expenses. Under the terms of the grant, the School would repay Academica in the event the School experiences a surplus of its operating budget for any period ending on June 30, following the execution of the agreement.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President and Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

#### Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. is a wholly owned Subsidiary of Mater Academy, Inc.

Mater Academy, Inc. made non-interest bearing advances under a promissory note to the School. The note is due within three years and secured by the School's capital assets.

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	06/30/15
Mater Academy, Inc Corporate account	\$1,597,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,597,000
Total Long Term Debt	\$1,597,000	\$	\$	\$1,597,000

## Note 6 -Transactions with other divisions of Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc.

For 2015, the School's facility was shared with Sports Leadership and Management Charter School. Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools and other schools operated by Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. In addition, The student activities account on the school is recorded in Sport Leadership and Management Charter School's books.

Sports Leadership and Management Charter School received funds for the Federal lunch program for all the schools in this campus, as listed above. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated to each school based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

The School made certain long term, non-interest bearing working capital advances to Sports Leadership and Management Academy, a charter schools under Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc.

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	06/30/15
Sports and Leadership Management Academy	\$ 267,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,144
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 267,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,144

## Note 7 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

On June 20, 2012, Sports Leadership and Management Foundation, Inc. (the subtenant) entered into a space sublease agreement with Mater Academy Inc., as sublandlord. Mater Academy, Inc. is the subtenant under a superior sublease agreement with Mater Academy Foundation, Inc. Mater Academy Foundation, Inc. is the tenant under a master lease agreement with Miami Sports Property, LLC (the "Landlord"). The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's education service support provider (See Note 4). The charter school facility consists of approximately 67,932 rentable square feet at 602-630 NW 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Miami, Florida.

The subleased space occupied by the School consists from zero to twenty-two classrooms, located as contiguously as practicable, on upper floors of the building. The agreement also includes the non-exclusive use of common areas including hallways, bathrooms, office, patio, library, music room, computer labs and other facilities.

## Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

The term of this sublease agreement continues through July 31, 2033 with an option to renew for an additional five-year term (subject to the superior sublease agreement extension). This sublease is subject and subordinate to the terms, conditions, and covenants stated in the superior sublease and if the superior sublease terminates for any reason, then this sublease shall also terminate.

Subtenant shall pay base rent during the term at the rate per student station adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Additional rent shall be charged and allocated to the School on a pro-rata share (number to student stations leased under the agreement divided by 980) for additional property costs including utilities, insurance, maintenance, administration and repairs.

This lease structure was established to allow more than one charter school program to share a single facility by providing a lease on a per-student basis which adjusts fluctuations in the student count. It also assists with the initial years of growth in the program.

Payments for the sublease agreement are allocated among the schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2015, was approximately 60% for the School and 40% for Sports Leadership and Management Charter School. For the year ended 2015, rent expense totaled \$777,213. The School prepaid \$65,000 at June 30, 2015 allocated in Prepaid Expenses.

Future minimum payments under the sublease agreement (to be shared with Sports Leadership and Management Charter School) are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2016	\$1,302,075
2017	\$1,302,075
2018	\$1,302,075
2019	\$1,302,075
2020	\$1,302,075
2021-2025	\$6,510,376 (total for five-year period)
2026-2030	\$6,510,376 (total for five-year period)
2031-2033	\$3,906,226 (total for three-year period)

## Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to

#### Note 7 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

#### Contingencies and Concentrations

audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2015, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$75,177.

## Note 8 - Risk Management

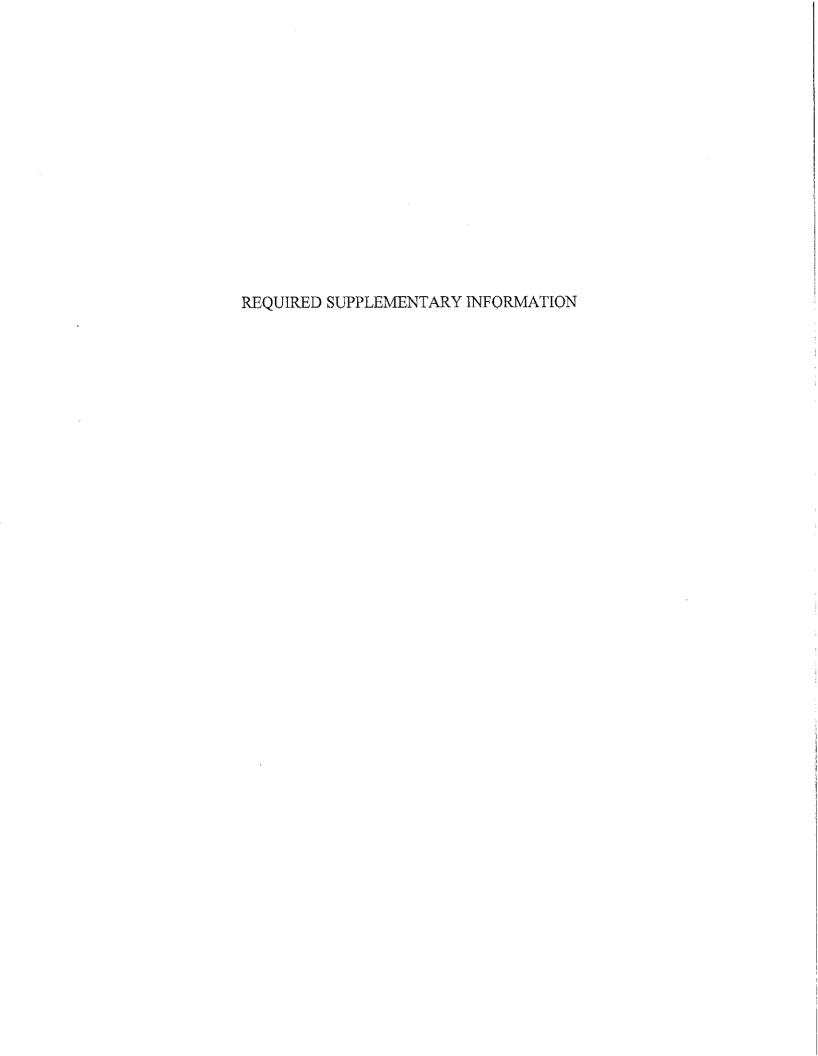
The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

#### Note 9 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 50% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$8,395 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by MassMutual Financial Group.

## Note 10 - Subsequent Events

Effective July 1, 2015, the School moved to utilizing a government money market mutual fund as an investment vehicle for it excess deposit funds. A government money market mutual fund invests exclusively in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. All balance held under the repurchase agreement as of June 30, 2015 have been moved to this new vehicle.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES State passed through local Charges and other revenue	\$ 3,456,250	\$ 3,317,424 80,000	\$ 3,318,042 97,071			
Total Revenues	3,456,250	3,397,424	3,415,113			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	•					
Instruction	1,600,000	1,850,000	1,812,632			
Instructional Staff Training	15,000	15,000	11,941			
Board	25,000	20,000	19,645			
School Administration	538,000	540,000	521,482			
Fiscal Services	90,000	90,000	84,975			
Central Services	124,683	120,000	110,296			
Operation of Plant	820,000	750,000	707,583			
Maintenance of Plant	170,000	160,000	155,343			
Total Current Expenditures	3,382,683	3,545,000	3,423,897			
Excess of Revenues			<u> </u>			
Over Current Expenditures	73,567	(147,576)	(8,784)			
Capital Outlay	55,000	55,000	54,687			
Total Expenditures	3,437,683	3,600,000	3,478,584			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	18,567	(202,576)	(63,471)			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out)		256,000	269,388			
Net change in fund balance	18,567	53,424	205,917			
Fund Balance at beginning of year	186,187	186,187	186,187			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 204,754	\$ 239,611	\$ 392,104			

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES	<del></del>					
State capital outlay funding	\$	218,750	\$	280,000	\$	283,993
State passed through local		-		-		-
Federal sources		520,000		520,000		523,694
Charges for services		10,000		11,000	<b>,</b>	11,923
Total Revenues		748,750		811,000		819,610
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		65,000		65,000		61,426
Food services		200,000		205,000		204,803
Operation of plant		218,750		285,000		283,993
Total Current Expenditures	-	483,750_		555,000		550,222
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		265,000	10	256,000		269,388
Capital Outlay						
Total Expenditures		483,750	·····	555,000		550,222
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		265,000		256,000		269,388
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		(265,000)		(256,000)		(269,388)
Transfers in (out)	<del>-, : .</del>	(200,000)		(250,000)		(20),300)
Net change in fund balance	•	-		-		<b></b>
Fund Balance at beginning of year		_		<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$		\$	-	\$	_

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States., the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School (the "School"), as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

A separate management letter dated August 31, 2015 has been issued pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School Miami, Florida

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2015 August 31, 2015.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 30, 2015 August 31, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### Official Tittle

Section 10.854.(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School.

#### Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

#### Financial Condition (continued)

Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures for Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

#### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures to determine whether maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Sports Leadership and Management (SLAM) Charter Middle School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015